Volume Two/Number Five/May 1960

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A Journal of the American Speech and Hearing Association

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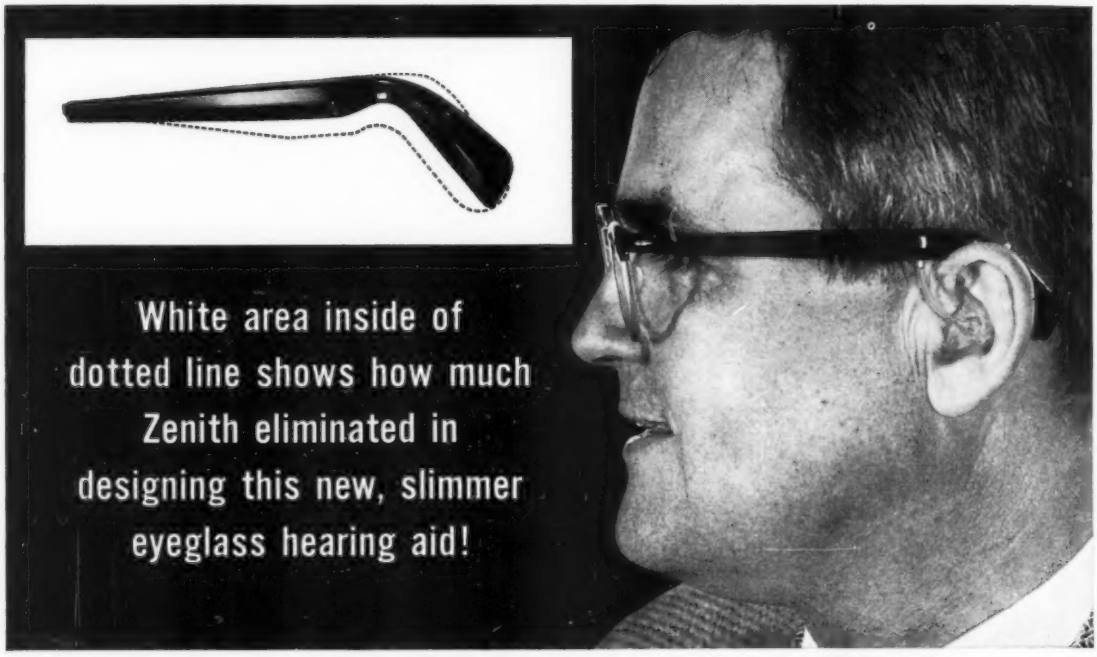

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A Journal of The American Speech and Hearing Association

Volume 2 May, 1960 Number 5

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APPLICATIONS FOR MEMBERSHIP SHOULD BE ADDRESSED TO THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

SOME SPEECH PATHOLOGY AND AUDIOLOGY CENTERS IN EUROPE

M. D. STEER AND RUTH STEER*

Purdue University; W. Lafayette, Indiana

For many years speech pathologists and audiologists in Europe have engaged in extensive research investigation and clinical practice. The results of their dedicated efforts, however, have been available to our field in the United States mainly through translations of European journals and reports. It must be admitted that a language barrier exists which has been largely responsible for a great dearth of data pertinent to our own research and clinical endeavor in the United States. We in turn, and partly for the same reasons, have had only limited influence upon the international understanding of speech and hearing problems confronting man. Mutual benefits can be anticipated through the elimination of existing communication barriers.

A professional counterpart of ASHA exists in the International Association of Logopedics and Phoniatrics which was founded in 1924 by members of the medical profession and "speech therapists." Stated objectives of this organization are "fostering and maintaining a high standard of knowledge in pathology and therapy of speech and voice disorders, and for the dissemination and exchange of knowledge thereof in various countries." Considering the active part played by the International Association and affiliated European professional speech and hearing organizations, very few specific data have been available describing the current status of programs and research in Europe. For these reasons the authors deemed it desirable to make a critical evaluation of existing European programs and facilities based upon personal review.

This trip was planned with the two-fold purpose of (1) observations and discussions at speech pathology and audiology centers in the various European countries and (2) attendance at the 11th Congress of the International Association held August 17-22, 1959 at London, England. Prior to departure a request was received from the office of Senator Hubert Humphrey, Chairman, Subcommittee on Regional and International Organizations, for an investigation of the present status of European research facilities and to ascertain the need for an international mutual assistance program in the field of speech and hearing research. Inclusion of this project made it necessary to increase the number of visits, hence shortening the time allotted for each. From June 15 to August 30, 1959 visits were made to selected European speech pathology and audiology centers. The final itinerary included: Copenhagen, Hellerup, Hamburg, Bremen, Groningen, Amsterdam, St. Gall, Geneva, Milan, Padua, Florence, Rome, Barcelona, Madrid, Paris, London, and Edinburgh.

Data were collected by discussion and questionnaire techniques. Information pertaining to aspects of professional programs, clinical training, physical plant, and instrumentation was obtained by means of conference and inspection for certain of the centers visited. In all instances the visits were exceedingly well received. Every effort was made to furnish desired information and to provide opportunities for observation of clinical procedures and physical facilities. It was obvious in all cases that a strong desire existed for greater cooperation and exchange of information.

DENMARK

In Denmark a visit was made to the Statens Institut for Talelidende at Hellerup, and the Statens Hore Centrale in Copenhagen. The Director of the State School for Speech Disorders at Hellerup, Dr. Egil Forchhammer was out of the country and our host was Dr. Svend Smith, Head of the Experimental Laboratory. In Denmark persons with speech defects may receive treatment at a State Institute at public expense. According to a state law passed in 1933, a report must be made to the State Institute whenever a baby is born with a cleft palate or cleft lip. It is of interest to note that the same act provides for the treatment of reading defects under rules similar to those governing speech defects. All physicians, schools, and welfare agencies are required to report to the State Institute individuals in need of speech therapy. There are two State Institutes for speech therapy: one located in Arhus covering the western region, and the one in Hellerup serving the eastern section of the country. Each of these Institutes, according to law, may establish local training and treatment in any center where practicable. Attempts are being made by the Institutes to encourage schools and hospitals to employ speech therapists so that remedial programs may be developed at those institutions. Examination of a report issued by the Hellerup Institute in November, 1958, reveals that the Institute had 57 residential pupils and approximately 200 non-

*M. D. STEER, Ph.D., is Director of the Speech and Hearing Clinic at Purdue University. RUTH K. STEER (M.S. Purdue University, 1942) is in private practice as a consultant and speech correctionist in West Lafayette, Indiana.

residential students, with ages ranging upward from four years. Clinical programs were administered to the residential students in the morning, in groups arranged according to type of defect. The very young children were in a special ward in which kindergarten methods were employed. The nonresidential pupils were given individual, 30-minute lessons three times per week. The staff consisted of a Director, approximately 25 speech clinicians, three kindergarten teachers, three hobby teachers, a doctor, an ENT specialist, a cleft palate surgeon, a psychiatrist, a psychologist, a dentist, five women taking care of the residential children, and also the cleaning, cooking, bookkeeping, and administrative workers. The Institute also maintained its own dental clinic and experimental laboratory. Six cities, including Copenhagen, maintain speech correction programs in the schools. Dr. Smith provided an opportunity to examine a newly developed Airflow Meter, an instrument for diagnostic and research purposes.

In Copenhagen Dr. med. H. W. Ewertsen, Director, served as our guide to the State Hearing Rehabilitation Center. This Center incorporates medical examinations with excellent clinical facilities for pure tone and speech audiometrics. A unique feature of this installation is the immediate availability in each of four audiology suites of tape recorded speech acuity and discrimination tests emanating from a central control room. The tape recorded speech tests are in continuous operation during the clinic hours. All hearing aids are routinely checked by artificial ear, and frequency response curves are obtained to determine the efficiency status of the aids. These spectrographs are placed in the patient's case folder after each visit to the clinic and filed for future reference. Dr. Ewertsen maintains comprehensive records regarding etiology, incidence, and types of hearing involvement on a simplified "sort card" making readily available a considerable body of statistical information.

GERMANY

In Hamburg a visit was made to the University of Hamburg and the Sprachkrankenschule. The speech pathology program at the University is located in the Pedagogy Institute and is directed by Professor Dr. Mohring. An audiology program supporting this instruction is under the direction of Dr. Paziner. After the senior author presented a lecture to a class in audiology, provision was made to attend a regular class lecture in speech pathology delivered by Professor Dr. Mohring. It should be noted that this is one of several universities in Germany where theory course work in speech pathology and audiology can be obtained, and the practicum is furnished by the Hamburg Sprachkrankenschule.

A visit to the School for Speech Disorders was made possible by invitation from Director J. Wulff. It appeared that this school was under the jurisdiction of the Education Ministry. After observing the speech correction program, information was requested relative to the training of clinicians. To become a clinician, an individual must complete a three-year teacher training program in elementary education at a recognized university. After three to five years of professional employment as an elementary classroom teacher, and nomination by the public school system, a teacher may enroll at one of several universities for a specialized two-year training program in speech pathology and audiology. While enrolled in this two-year curriculum at the University of Hamburg, the student also serves as a teacher, giving 12 lessons per week at the Sprachkrankenschule. During the period of this two-year training program, the student-teacher is maintained on the payroll of the public school system from which originally recommended and receives the regular monthly salary. After the two-year training program is completed, examinations must be passed in the subjects of phonetics, neurology and vocal physiology, logopedics, deafness, methods, history, sociology, and genetics. In addition, the student-teacher must prepare two articles: one on scientific aspects and the other on practical work related to logopedics.

In Bremen our host at the Schule an der Marcusallee was Herr Lehmann, acting for the Headmaster. This school for speech defective, hard-of-hearing, and deaf children is operated by the city of Bremen. The therapists were required to have the same kind of training as that described for Hamburg, and usually received their training in Hamburg. The teacher sent to Hamburg for training must return to Bremen for a minimum of five years' service before being free to seek employment elsewhere. In the Marcusallee School there are nine grades covering the ages of six to fifteen. One hundred fifty-six pupils were enrolled in the speech correction program, including three spastics. In addition, 42 were in the hard-of-hearing program, and 36 were in the program for the deaf. Seven teacher-therapists were on the staff. Day classes twice a week are available for deaf pupils who have left the institution. Although no research was being conducted, a desire was expressed to initiate research programs. The school has recently completed modern quarters with excellent training facilities, including two rooms with induction coil auditory training systems. Oral training methods were standard procedure for the hard-of-hearing and the deaf in Hamburg as well as Bremen. In Bremen programs for the deaf were started over 100 years ago, speech correction programs about 50 years ago, and the program for the hard-of-hearing about 31 years ago.

THE NETHERLANDS

At the University of Groningen a visit was made to the Laryngological Clinic of the University Hospital

and to the Physiological Laboratory. The Director of the Clinic is Prof. Dr. F. Huizinga who directed our attention to the work of Dr. A. J. Moolenaar-Bijl (logopedics and phoniatrics) and Prof. Dr. Henk C. Huizing (audiology institute). All types of speech disorders common to hospital practice were assigned to Dr. Moolenaar-Bijl and her staff. An interesting demonstration was presented by patients in various stages of "oesophageal" speech development, and opportunity was made available to discuss the training procedure and techniques with the staff members as well as the patients. In the Audiology Institute limited but modern facilities and instrumentation were available to conduct pure tone and speech audiometry as well as hearing aid evaluation and selection. At the Physiologisch Laboratorium we were the guests of Dr. Jw. van den Berg whose numerous articles dealing with subglottic pressures and vibrations of the vocal folds and basic research on the myoelastic-aerodynamic theory of voice production are frequently cited in the literature. Instrumentation developed by Dr. van den Berg for research explorations was demonstrated and discussed. Of particular interest were the technique for demonstrating vocal fold action, including muscle activity, by use of human and steer larynges and the recently developed electro mechanical analogue of the respiratory-phonatory-resonator system.

In Amsterdam discussions were held with Dr. D. L. Meinsma, acting director of Phonetisch Laboratorium, University of Amsterdam, and Mr. Paul Goldschmidt, private logopedist. The internationally known laboratory, formerly directed by Dr. Louise Kaiser, was in the process of being renovated at the time of the visit. Instrumentation for electronic, psycho-acoustic, and linguistic analyses was included in the equipment of the laboratory. Discussions centered about an evaluation of instrumentation available for research in phonetics and linguistics and Dr. Meinsma's current investigation and analysis of Dutch and Frisian language characteristics.

Based upon his experience as a private practitioner in logopedics, Mr. Goldschmidt stated there was a need to expand and upgrade the training of logopedists. In his opinion it is necessary to make available the services of trained personnel to many handicapped persons in Holland who are now receiving no assistance.

The general status of logopedics in Holland was furnished by P. J. Evertse, general secretary, The Netherlands Association for Logopedics and Phoniatrics:

> "The Netherlands Association has existed for 30 years now and has tried to put their ideals into practice in four ways (1) by holding lectures and organizing congresses in the field of logopedics and phoniatrics; (2) by way of establishing clinics for speech and voice disorders; (3) by schooling speech therapists, both theoretically and practically on a scientific base; (4) by establishing schools and classes or by organizing courses for speech-defective children (cleft palate, stutterers). In some places the speech clinics are part of hospital and medical clinics, and in university cities these are connected with the academic hospitals where the medical students can do their practical stages. The course for speech therapist is a two-year one. It may be attended by those who have a certificate of a secondary or a Latin school and by teachers of elementary or secondary schools. The courses are now given at eight places in this country, viz. Amsterdam, the Hague, Rotterdam, Utrecht, Groningen, Enschede, Nijmegen and Eindhoven. The practical training can be done in the speech clinics established in those places."

SWITZERLAND

In spite of the fact that Switzerland was reached at a time when most facilities were having the summer "holiday," we were fortunate in being able to visit the Taubstummen and Sprachheilschule at St. Gall and to discuss problems with the cooperative Director, Hans Ammann, and two of his staff members, Miss Affolter and Miss Ammann. Hard-of-hearing, deaf and speech defective pupils receive education at this institution. During this visit, special attention was given to the program for the deaf and hard-of-hearing pupils. Director Ammann indicated in a 1957 report that 97 pupils were enrolled in the program for the deaf and hard-of-hearing. Further classification of these pupils in the report indicated that 48 had some residual hearing, 16 had sufficient auditory ability to hear vowel sounds, three had developed deafness after speech development, 29 were hard-of-hearing, and one pupil had a psychogenic auditory problem. Of the 97 pupils, 38 were known to have good intelligence, 55 manifested average intelligence, and only four of the pupils were rated low in intelligence. In that year the school had admitted 12 new pupils to the program and had dismissed 13. At the same time there were 11 pre-school hearing-handicapped pupils.

Another report revealed that in Switzerland there are both residential and day schools dealing with speech handicapped children. The residential schools are divided into three categories: preschool, school age, mentally retarded. There were four preschool, four residential schools for the school age, and seven for the mentally retarded. In the day-school category, there are four institutions for nursery school speech

handicapped children where instruction is given from 9:00 to 11:00 a.m. and 2:00 to 4:00 p.m. In 17 of the Kantonen (districts) itinerant speech correction programs are available. Pupils in these programs receive either one or two therapy periods per week consisting of one-half hour units.

Prior to departing from Switzerland, conferences were held in Geneva at the World Health Organization with Dr. Kohn, director of Medical Research and Dr. Franco Mortara of the Office of Maternal and Child Health. These discussions centered on the establishment of assistance to develop programs at an international level in the fields of speech and hearing disorders. Although the conferences were friendly, informative, and interesting, no assurance could be obtained that any immediate assistance would be available. Encouragement was given, however, to pursue the discussion with appropriate personnel in the UNESCO Office in Paris, and these appointments were expedited through the WHO Office of Dr. Mortara.

ITALY

In Italy visits were made to the Otorhinolaryngological Clinics in the Medical Schools at the Universities of Milan, Padua, Florence and Rome. It was learned that in Italy an organization encompassing the fields included in ASHA is titled Societa Italiana di Fonetica, Foniatria e Audiologia and that this organization publishes *Bollettino della Societa Italiana di Fonetica, Foniatria e Audiologia.*

In Milan the Director of the Clinic is Prof. Dr. Luigi Pietrantoni who referred us to English-speaking Prof. Dr. E. Bocca and Prof. Dr. G. Pestalozza. An active audiological-otological research program prevails at this center, and central hearing disorders and electrophysiology of the central auditory pathways are the areas of emphasis. Modern psycho-acoustic and bio-acoustic methods are employed in the study of hearing impairment attributable to cortical pathology. Prof. Dr. Bocca indicated that feedback alteration involving filtering, distortion, and acceleration of signals have enabled their researchers to establish methods for the identification of central auditory impairment.

Conferences were also held in Milan with Dr. A. Azzi, Rivista di Audiologia Pratica. Dr. Azzi indicated considerable interest in all phases of audiology and speech pathology, and suggested that some of his feedback research preceded similar efforts in the United States. Currently he is confining his efforts to the applied field and is not conducting an active research program.

At Padua our host was Prof. Dr. Michele Arslan, one of Italy's prominent surgeons. His department at the Medical School was concerned not only with medical aspects but also the followup of patients and research. One of the studies in progress at the time of the visit involved fifty cases of sudden deafness accompanied by nystagmus. Prominent in the research efforts are studies involving cochlear physiology. In addition, considerable research is centered on problems of deafness in children. A "peep-show" audiometric technique employing film moving on an automatic winding device was reported as being a highly successful conditioning method with children. Considerable equipment was present for psycho-acoustic and bio-acoustic investigations.

A visit was also made to the Centro Medico di Foniatria in Padua which was built in 1958 and is directed by Prof. Dr. L. Croatto. Here one finds perhaps the most extensive and modern private medical center for speech and hearing disorders. Prof. Croatto is known for his publications concerning pathology and therapy of stuttering, corrective autophonetic surgery for palatal insufficiency, and other organic speech anomolies. It is also of interest that Prof. Croatto is Vice-President of the International Association of Logopedics and Phoniatrics.

In Florence, Director of the Clinic is Prof. Bono Simonetta and our host was Prof. Mattioli. It was learned that audiological examinations are conducted three days a week, on one day of which a speech re-education specialist administers a program for the laryngectomized. Senior staff personnel at this center were also interested in securing American specialists to work at the center, and were eager to have one of their staff come to the United States on a Fullbright or some other grant.

As was reported for Milan and Padua, a very active program of research is maintained in the Clinic at the University of Rome. The Director of this program is Prof. Dr. G. Ferreri who provided an opportunity to become acquainted with present and past research. We were shown a recently completed motion picture which "illustrates a new method for high fidelity recording of the movements of glottic margins and its application to the study of the still debated question of the responses of the intrinsic laryngeal muscles to repetitive stimulation of the recurrent nerve." This method is called photo-electrolaryngography. Prof. Dr. L. Fiori Ratti conducted us through the hospital and clinic facilities, where considerable instrumentation for audiological, acoustical, neurological, physiological, and other biological research is available. Studies involving nutrition deficiencies of the laryngeal and pharyngeal walls, the effects of aging on biological aspects of the phonatory organs, the spiral method for ascertaining acoustic trauma, and biological problems of mongoloids were among the subjects reviewed. Although only four of the 21 clinics in Italy were visited, one is highly impressed

with the imaginative research programs being conducted.

SPAIN

In Barcelona, our host was Dr. J. Perello, one of the Vice Presidents of the International Association of Logopedics and Phoniatrics. It was learned from Dr. Perello that a shortage of logopedists exists in Spain and no formal training programs are being provided in the Universities. Dr. Perello has initiated efforts to stimulate the growth of speech pathology and audiology training centers. In Barcelona a remedial center has been organized under the title of Centro Medico de Audicion y Lenguaje. Senior staff of this center is composed of an audiologist, Dr. J. Torres, a phoniatrist, Dr. J. Perello, and a neurologist, Dr. J. Mari-Batllo. To acquaint physicians with the treatment of voice and speech problems, Dr. Perello published in 1954 the book *Trastornos de la Voz y de la Palabre.*

An opportunity was provided to visit the Instituto Municipal de Education which was opened in 1952. Dr. Torres conducted us on a tour of this building which included complete medical facilities. Children from the ages of 5 to 12 are examined at this institute, and those requiring speech training are sent to the Institute for one hour per day, six days per week. Dyslalia and stuttering were reported to be the most frequent types of speech disorder encountered. It was indicated that 12% of the children were stutterers. Methodology for the treatment of stuttering included rhythm drills, chewing exercises, articulation practice, and the use of tranquilizers. Complete health records were kept in this central office for all the children registered in the 16 elementary schools in Barcelona.

In Madrid a conference was held with Dr. J. Paredero del Bosque. All facilities at the University of Madrid were closed for the vacation period and the persons most closely allied to programs of logopedics and audiology were away from the city. Dr. Paredero del Bosque revealed that he was the author of the book titled *Sordomudez y Audiomudez* published in 1954, Madrid, and that he also wrote a book in 1948 dealing with otolaryngological problems in children.

FRANCE

In Paris a visit was made to the UNESCO international headquarters office for a conference with Dr. Leo N. Fernig, Director of the International Clearing House. He informed us that the greatest share of the UNESCO budget is devoted to the underdeveloped countries such as those in Asia, Africa and sections of South America. It was learned that UNESCO and the International Bureau of Education are cooperating on a series of meetings to be conducted in 1960, 1961, etc., relative to various phases of education. It was our impression that special education has received limited attention and that added emphasis could be obtained if requests for this service were made by member countries of UNESCO. Grants from $2,000 to $10,000 are provided by UNESCO for special projects, and favorable consideration appears to be given to those projects which involve integration of several specialized fields.

At a later date discussions were held with Dr. B. Vallancien, Director of the Laboratoire de la Faculte de Medecine de Paris, and Director of the Department of Phoniatrie et Orthophonie de la Chaire d'Oto-Rhino-Laryngologie des Hopitaux de Paris. Dr. Vallancien is best known for his research on the physiology of voice production, voice disorders, and physiological considerations related to "oesophageal" voice. He informed us that 14 outstanding research specialists from various countries founded an organization, the College International de Phonologie Experimentale of which Dr. Vallancien is the Secretariat.

One of Europe's outstanding speech clinicians is Madame Borel-Maisonny located in Paris. She is noted for her publications and her work in experimental phonetics related to articulation and voice, cleft palate speech problems, and analyses of voice formants related to intelligibility. Due to the holiday period at the time of this visit, it was not possible to inspect the facilities in Paris or to confer with any of the other wellknown specialists in France.

ENGLAND

In London, time was devoted to attending the 11th Congress of the International Association of Logopedics and Phoniatrics. Visits were also made to the Phonetics Laboratory at the University of London and to the Cerebral Palsy Center conducted by Dr. Karel Bobath.

The International Association is composed of 17 affiliated societies with an aggregate membership of 3,500 and approximately 150 individual members, of whom one-third are members of the medical profession. Present at this London meeting were about 500 participants from 31 nations; 20% of those present were physicians, surgeons, or orthodontists, 65% were speech therapists and the remaining 15% were from allied professions. Failure to provide simultaneous translation service for papers which were presented in one of the three official languages of the Congress (English, French, German) presented problems for those individuals not fluent in all three languages. The newly elected president of the International Association is Miss Joan H. Van Thal, M.B.E., F.C.S.T., of London, and the General Secretary is Dr. Svend Smith of Hellerup-Copenhagen. The 12th Congress will be held in 1962 at Padua, Italy.

At the time of the Congress, Professor D. B. Fry of the Department of Phonetics, University of London, issued an invitation to visit the Laboratory and to discuss current research. This installation is equipped with modern psycho-acoustic and electro-acoustic instrumentation for analyzing and synthesizing speech communication transmission.

Many profitable informal discussions were carried on during the "tea" breaks, meal hours, and after conference hours with persons representing almost all of the 31 nations present at the Congress. These included persons from Poland, East Germany, Israel, Yugoslavia, Belgium, Hungary, Sweden, Austria, Finland, Norway, in addition to persons from those countries already visited.

SCOTLAND

Our tour of speech and hearing centers in Europe was concluded with a visit to the University of Edinburgh, and the Donaldson's School for the Deaf located in the same city. Professor David Abercrombie, Head of the Phonetics Department, invited us to visit the Laboratory at the University. In addition to Professor Abercrombie, Mr. Peter Ladefoged of the Phonetics Department staff, and Mr. W. Lawrence, communications engineer, of the Ministry of Supply, were participants in the discussions. The laboratory, which is well known for the development of new techniques of instrumental investigation, is very well equipped. For this reason many visitors from other universities frequent the laboratory. Of particular interest were the modifications which have been made to "PAT," the Parametric Artificial Talking device. Discussions relative to technical aspects of the device were held with Mr. Lawrence, the designer of PAT.

Donaldson's School for the Deaf, employing the oral method of instruction, is under the direction of Mr. W. Jeffrey. This imposing structure had its inauguration in 1851 with 100 children already admitted. At that time 30 of the children were deaf and 70 were hearing children. The average enrollment at the present time is about 190 and all of the students have impaired hearing. At the time of this visit the enrollment breakdown was as follows: Nursery age, 6 in the day class and 24 in the resident section; Junior group (3 years to 10 years), 21 in the day class and 40 in the resident section; Senior group, 16 in the day class and 65 in the resident section. The original building with its five towers and 29 turrets measures 270 feet by 255 feet and stands on 17 acres of ground. A modern addition to the building was under construction.

This very brief report of facilities and status of Speech Pathology and Audiology in those centers which were visited would be incomplete without a statement concerning the value of such visits. The language barrier which exists in written material is nonexistent in "person to person" oral communication. Any shadow of vocabulary difficulty rapidly disappears in the light of enthusiastic, stimulating discussions of mutually interesting subjects. We value the exchange of information relative to research problems, theories, remedial procedures, status of professional workers, instrumentation and physical facilities. The practical implications of these exchanges have significant long range values in the improvement of mutual understanding of philosophical and sociological as well as professional problems. The genuine warmth and friendliness expressed by all those contacted during our visits remain the most highly treasured personal satisfactions.

PLEASE NOTE

Several exceptions to the regulations concerning the use of slides at the 1960 convention appear to be in order:

1. Speakers who wish to portray graphs may use slides but every effort should be made to use 3¼ x 4 slides.
2. Nonmember, guest speakers are exempt from any restrictions in regard to slide materials.

The program committee appreciates very much the cooperation of the membership in complying with the restrictions imposed.

Jack L. Bangs,
Chairman, Committee on Program

1001

ELECTION OF TRUSTEES

American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology

THE election of Trustees of the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology was held in December 1959. The final results of the election balloting and voting by the Association membership have been tabulated. The following members, pictured below, were elected:

Raymond Carhart

RAYMOND CARHART, Ph.D., is Professor of Audiology in the School of Speech at Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois.

LEO G. DOERFLER, Ph.D., is Professor and Director of the Department of Audiology, Eye and Ear Hospital, University of Pittsburgh School of Medicine. Dr. Doerfler will act as Chairman, *pro tem* of ABESPA

Leo G. Doerfler

Jon Eisenson

JON EISENSON, Ph.D., is Professor of Speech and Director of the Speech and Hearing Clinic at Queens College, Flushing, N. Y.

Ira Hirsh

IRA HIRSH, Ph.D., is Assistant Director of Research at the Central Institute for the Deaf and Associate Professor of Psychology at Washington University, St. Louis, Missouri.

WENDELL JOHNSON, Ph.D., is Professor of Speech Pathology and Psychology at the University of Iowa, Iowa City, Iowa.

Wendell Johnson

HAYES NEWBY, Ph.D., is Professor of Speech Pathology and Audiology at Stanford University School of Medicine, Stanford, California.

Hayes A. Newby

S. Richard Silverman

S. RICHARD SILVERMAN, Ph.D., is Director Central Institute for the Deaf and Professor of Audiology, Washington University Graduate School and Medical School, St. Louis, Missouri.

Margaret Hall Powers

MARGARET HALL POWERS, Ph.D., is Director, Bureau of Physically Handicapped Children, and the Division of Speech Correction, Chicago Board of Education.

ROBERT WEST, Ph.D., is Professor of Speech and Director of the Speech and Hearing Center at Brooklyn College, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Robert West

In November 1958, the Committee on Association Planning submitted a proposal to the Executive Council designed to satisfy three responsibilities and unmet needs of our profession. These were: (1) a need for the evaluation of educational programs; (2) a need for the evaluation of clinical services; and (3) a need for professional designation comparable to that within related professions. It was the opinion of the Executive Council and the Committee on Association Planning that steps to accept these responsibilities must be taken if our profession is to direct its own activities and guide its future development. Results of balloting of the membership indicated a general widespread approval of this plan to create a corporation to be known as the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology which would satisfy these unmet needs.

The purposes of the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology will be: (a) to establish and maintain Boards of Examiners responsible for the formulation of standards; (b) to arrange and to conduct examinations to determine the qualifications of individuals, organizations and institutions applying for certificate of competence issued by the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology; (c) to grant and to issue appropriate certificates; (d) to maintain a registry of holders of such certificates; (e) to prepare and to furnish to proper persons and agencies lists of individuals, organizations and institutions who have been certified by ABESPA.

The American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology will include all appropriate boards necessary for the evaluation of educational and training programs, clinical services, and individuals competent at the diplomate level.

EDUCATION AND TRAINING BOARD

It has been the feeling of many in our profession that the speech and hearing field has need for a means of identifying those educational programs which provide a recognized and adequate level of training. Our profession is not in a position to reach full maturity until it develops a method for designating the colleges and universities whose staffs, curricula and facilities for clinical experience are sufficient to insure adequate professional training. The speech and hearing field can encourage institutions to achieve appropriate

educational goals through a system of review and evaluation of its many educational efforts.

A registry of educational programs, which achieve high level training goals, will be helpful to young people interested in entering our profession, social and governmental agencies and members of allied professions as well as to the Members of our Association. The basic functions of the Education and Training Board will be to formulate standards; arrange and conduct the program evaluations to determine the qualifications of institutions applying for certificates, grant and issue appropriate certificates and publish and distribute a list of certificated institutions.

CLINICAL SERVICES BOARD

At the present time there is no systematic evaluation of the centers, and clinics which provide speech and hearing services to the public. The need for a system wherein organizations providing adequate speech and hearing services would be identified has been growing steadily. A listing of qualified facilities is continuously sought by members of our profession, social and governmental agencies, professional individuals and organizations and the public. Our profession is in a position to serve the national interest by providing a directory of agencies judged to be capable of rendering competent speech and hearing services to the public. Such a directory would protect the public interest by identifying those organizations which are adequately equipped, organized and staffed to provide speech and hearing services as well as an indication of those organizations which have achieved a high level of clinical competence. The Clinical Services Board will function in a similar manner to the Education and Training Board. It will formulate a set of standards and arrange and conduct evaluation of centers and clinics to determine their qualifications. Qualified centers and clinics will then be issued certificates. They will also be listed in a registry of certified centers and clinics.

THE DIPLOMATE LEVEL

There is a need to establish a system for recognizing and distinguishing the professional competence of all our Members in a manner which is clear both to other professional groups and to the general public. Our present system of certification has proved most valuable to date. It has guided federal, state and private agencies in the establishment of employment practices and requirements. It has given status to the possessor of certification and protection to the public. However, it does not distinguish within its basic structure the full span of academic levels, clinical competence and intraprofessional recognition which characterize the field of speech pathology and audiology. Specifically, there has been no means of recognizing advanced preparation at or beyond the doctoral level as it is combined with appropriate clinical competence. Clinical fields closely allied to ours continuously remind all those concerned through a program which labels certain of their members as diplomates, that these members encompass the highest levels of academic training and learning. Through this system, these fields enhance their claim to full recognition of their professional competence and their right to independent action.

As a result, a board will be established to determine the qualifications of members at the diplomate level. This will necessitate the formulation of a set of standards along with the establishment of an examination procedure to determine the qualifications of all applicants. Successful applicants will be issued certificates and their names will be published in a list of diplomates to be distributed by the board. It is important to recognize that the establishment of the Diplomate status will in no way disturb the current program of clinical certification.

Application for evaluation by the Education and Training Board, Clinical Services Board, and for the Diplomate Level will be voluntary.

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

Initially, the Executive Council and the membership voted to establish the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology as an independent corporate entity. However, certain legal and administrative occurrences have caused the Council to direct that ABESPA should be organized within the corporate structure of the American Speech and Hearing Association. The relationship between ABESPA and the Executive Council will be essentially the same as the relationship between the American Speech and Hearing Foundation and the ASHA Council.

The Council has recognized the priority needs of the profession as expressed by the members in recent balloting and as a consequence has directed that the highest priority shall be given to the development of the Education and Training Board and to the Clinical Services Board.

The Association will provide an initial sum of $1,000.00 to implement these activities. The sum provided will be used to arrange meetings of the trustees so that they may develop a plan of action. A recent $2,800 grant from the Office of Vocational Rehabilitation will increase the opportunities for initial meetings of the ABESPA Trustees and the component Boards. Dr. Leo G. Doerfler was appointed Chairman *pro tem* of ABESPA. He has scheduled the initial meeting for May 29-30 at the University of Pittsburgh.

Information regarding the activities of the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology with regard to news, announcements and actions taken will appear in future issues of *Asha.*

State Associations

THE PURPOSE of the State Association Department in *Asha* is to spread knowledge of new developments, allow states to compare experiences, share proposed solutions to common problems and promote collaborative effort. In order to serve its purposes, it must receive information as voluntary contributions from speech pathologists, speech clinicians and audiologists in the states. With this thought in mind, a letter was sent to the ASHA Liaison Representatives in every state delegating them with the responsibility for preparing material for publication each month. In the case of states that have been accepted into the House of State Delegates, correspondence was sent to the President of the State Associations. Suggestions have been forwarded to the Representative regarding the kinds of material which would be helpful to this Department. It is to be assumed that any contributions you have regarding the activities of speech and hearing personnel and their organization would be welcomed by the Representative. All information or contributions should be sent directly to the Representative who will act as a coordinator in this effort. A listing of ASHA Liaison Representatives may be found in the Committee Lists published in the May 1959 Issue of *The Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders.*

ALASKA

Any news item from the 49th state must begin with the frank statement that there is no state speech and hearing association in Alaska. Despite the fact that upper respiratory diseases are frequent in many regions of the vast area that is Alaska with, consequently, many cases of otitis media, programs for the hearing-impaired are still in their infancy.

Aroused to the need for such service by Dr. Edith Sappington, of the U.S. Children's Bureau, chapters of the Alaska Crippled Children's Association in the southeastern part of the state worked with the Alaska Department of Health in the organization of a speech and hearing teratment program that began in January 1956. Service was originally limited to three communities: Juneau-Douglas; Ketchikan; and Sitka. As news of the program spread, however, there were more and more demands for service until, in 1959, assistance for children handicapped by speech and hearing disorders was made available in 18 communities and villages. During this time, the Juneau Independent School District and the Ketchikan School District had employed full-time speech clinicians.

Service in the various areas includes: hearing testing with a routine screening program that checks referrals of every eight, 11- and 14-year-old in the school population; otological clinics; speech and hearing treatment given through speech clinicians in the three larger communities and by an itinerant clinician working with assistants to cover some of the needs in the smaller areas; summer speech-fun classes to supplement treatment given during the school year; in-service training for teachers; community education to demonstrate the need for adequate service in speech and hearing and to recruit prospective speech pathologists, audiologists, and teachers of the deaf; and adult hearing testing programs to celebrate Better Hearing Month.

Assistance in other parts of the state has been limited to that given by speech clinicians at the Treatments Centers operated by the Alaska Crippled Children's Association in Anchorage and Fairbanks, and to that covered by two school speech clinicians employed by the Anchorage Independent School District.

The entire program so far as Southeast Alaska is concerned has been developed largely on an itinerant basis. Only part-time service of qualified clinicians is available. The clinicians travel from island to island in small amphibian planes whose schedules are frequently interrupted by low ceilings or snowstorms. Weather has become an important factor in the development of the program.

INDIANA

The Association's publication, known in the past, as *The Therapist* has undergone revision and is now being patterned after the national association's official organ, *Asha.*

Officers of the Association during the 1959-60 school year are: Marian Donewald, President, Evansville School Corporation; Francis Sonday, Vice-President, Indiana University Medical Center; Richard Artes, Secretary-Treasurer, Ball State; and James Shanks, Editor, Indiana University Medical Center.

The Indiana Speech and Hearing Association will hold its Annual Spring Meeting at Purdue University, May 13-14.

VERMONT

In November 1959, the Vermont Speech and Hearing Association was asked by the State Director of Special Education to submit an outline of a program to make speech treatment available to the school children of Vermont. A committee consisting of Miss Emily B. Sheldon of the Vermont Association for the Crippled, Inc.; Dr. Frank J. Falck of the Vermont Rehabilitation Center and Dr. Eleanor Luse of the University of Vermont submitted plans to the membership at the December meeting. Inasmuch, as the membership was unable to decide upon any one plan at that time, an Advisory Committee was appointed to give guidance on the final formulation of a plan. Out of the many discussions and meetings of this Advisory Committee, it is hoped that a unique and comprehensive plan will evolve which can be presented to the State Director of Special Education as a guide in making treatment available to the many speech-and-hearing handicapped school children in the State of Vermont.

News and Announcements

Organizational

The American Speech and Hearing Association was one of six organizations elected an affiliate of the American Association for the Advancement of Science at its annual meeting in Chicago, December 26-31, 1959. This election by the Council brought the number of organizations affiliated with AAAS to 291. One resolution approved by the Council commended the Department of Health, Education and Welfare for its "foresight in obtaining outstanding consultants to report on questions involved in the future of our national research and education programs in the overall health areas." This resolution also recommended the study of the need for a permanent national council for the advancement of research and education. Other resolutions called for continuity in Federal support of institutional research; the study of improved international scientific communication; and the deletion of the affidavit requirement (Section 1001) of the National Defense Education Act. Thomas Park, Ph.D., University of Chicago, was chosen president-elect.

A one-day Industrial Health Conference on "Noise" was held on April 27 in Rochester, New York, as a part of the technical sessions of the American Industrial Hygiene Association. Leo G. Doerfler, Ph.D., Director, Department of Audiology, Eye and Ear Hospital of Pittsburgh, served as a co-chairman of the morning session. The broad scope of the program included such topics as: evaluation of noise exposure, ear protection, engineering control, and handling noise data.

A verbatim transcription of the panel discussion sessions of the 1959 annual meeting of the President's Committee on Employment of the Physically Handicapped has been published. The three concurrent sessions concerned—practical organization methods, activities and programs, state and community committees. A foreword by Melvin J. Maas, Chairman, praises the provocativeness and usefulness of the discussions.

Richard L. Masland, M.D., Director of the National Institute of Neurological Diseases and Blindness has been named to the Board of Trustees of the Easter Seal Research Foundation. A diplomat of the American Board of Neurology and Psychiatry, Dr. Masland was responsible for developing the *NINDB* perinatal project, which studies neurological and sensory disorders of the newborn.

The subject of the 1960 Compensation Insurance Conference held in New York City at the Institute for the Crippled and Disabled was "The Practical Use of Rehabilitation." The major emphasis of the conference was the manner in which claims representatives can use rehabilitation to work on behalf of the injured workman, the organization, and the compensation carrier. A visual presentation of modern comprehensive rehabilitation was a highlight of the one-day meeting. Dr. Howard Rusk presented "The University's Responsibility in Rehabilitating the Industrial Injured" at the conference luncheon. Other topics presented included a discussion of the development of nationwide standards for rehabilitation centers and the role of OVR in compensation cases.

The Alexander Graham Bell Association for the Deaf elected new officers at the annual meeting of the Board of Directors held in Washington, D. C. Officers elected are: George T. Pratt, Ph. D., president; Helen S. Lane, Ph.D., first vice-president; Mrs. Spencer Tracey, second vice-president; June Miller, Ph.D., secretary; and Hilliary Hoskinson, treasurer. Alice Streng, Ph.D., and Eldon Eagles, M.D., were elected to the Board. Dr. Pratt, who had served as first vice-president of the association since 1957, succeeds S. Richard Silverman, Ph.D. Dr. Pratt has been the Principal of the Clarke School for the Deaf since 1950.

Several special features have been announced for the 1960 annual meeting of the Alexander Graham Bell Association of the Deaf, which will be held in Rochester, New York, June 26-July 1. Thursday has been designated as "Parents Day." William G. Hardy, Ph.D., will be the keynote speaker; Mrs. Fitzhugh Boggs of the National Association for Retarded Children will discuss "Establishing a Parents' Organization"; and officers, a governing board, and future projects for the parents section will be chosen.

Readers are urged to contact Mrs. Dorothy D. Craven, Speech Clinic, University of Maryland, College Park, Md., Associate Editor of NEWS AND ANNOUNCEMENTS, if they have information of pertinence to this Department.

On Other Fronts

A new bi-monthly journal, *Comprehensive Psychiatry*, has been published by Grune and Stratton under the editorship of Fritz A. Freyhan, M.D., Clinical Director and Director of Research at Delaware State Hospital. A distinguished editorial board and an international advisory board have been selected to insure both an international and an interdisciplinary approach to the field of psychiatry. Preliminary announcements of the journal stated that the journal is "founded as a forum for clinicians, therapists, and investigators of markedly divergent theoretical concepts, therapeutic methods, and social orientation."

The Office of Vocational Rehabilitation has published the first issue of *Rehabilitation Record*. This bi-monthly periodical will review the activities of Federal-State programs of vocational rehabilitation with special emphasis on research developments sponsored by OVR. According to Arthur S. Fleming, Secretary of Health, Education, and Welfare, the periodical "will undertake to transmit as much basic information as possible on new projects and findings to people who are providing such services and to those working directly with handicapped persons." Eleven articles covering medical aspects, training of rehabilitation workers, blindness, older workers, state operations, and research are included in the publication. The *Rehabilitation Record* may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, U. S. Government Printing Office. (Single copies: $.30, 1 yr.: $1.75).

The Senate Subcommittee on Problems of the Aged and Aging began its 1960 hearings on March 21 with the topic of health problems of the aged. A recently released 340-page report, "The Aged and Aging in the United States: A National Problem," contains twelve legislative recommendations concerning the aged. Senator Pat McNamara, Chairman, reported that the findings are based on the evidence gathered in hearings held in Washington, D. C. and seven other cities. Since the committee is of the unanimous opinion that the cost of health care is the most urgent problem facing senior citizens, testimony of national authorities in geriatrics and medical economics is now being collected.

Personal

J. F. Jerger, Ph.D., Assistant Professor, School of Speech, Northwestern University, and *J. J. Zwislocki*, Dr. Tech. Sci., Associate Professor-Director, Bioacoustic Laboratory, Syracuse University, have been invited to participate in two roundtable discussions at the International Congress of Audiology, Bonn, West Germany, September 28-October 1, 1960. Dr. Jerger will participate in the session on "Physiology, functional pathology, and clinical significance of recruitment." Dr. Zwislocki will be discussing "Adaptation and aural fatigue, associated symptons, and their clinical significance."

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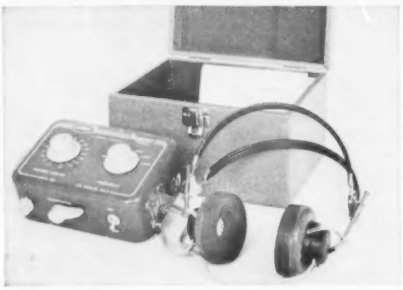

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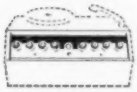

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TRENDS

"May I endorse the pulling power of *Trends*. We are still receiving replies to our announcement of the assistant professorship which last appeared on page 2 of the December 1959 issue.

Please cancel this listing, since the position has now been filled."

William H. Perkins,
Director, Speech-Hearing Clinic
University of Southern California
Los Angeles 7, California

"Please cancel my listing in *Trends* since I have secured a position for next year.

I am quite grateful that we have this fine placement service in ASHA. I can testify that it is effective. I have received seventeen (17) inquiries from prospective employers and have contacted seven (7) different institutions listing openings."

Allan Stallcup,
Lawrence, Kansas

LEGISLATION: AN OPINION

I cannot support the bills, (S. J. Res. 127 & H. J. Res. 448) presently before Congress, which will provide funds for grants-in-aid to our profession.

I am firmly convinced that we would be taking a serious step in the wrong direction and I personally will lose a great deal of respect for an organization that ceases to stand on its own two feet, and joins the rank of self-seeking, self-interest groups that are turning our Federal Government into a paternal pocketbook at the expense of their own initiative and integrity. I am equally convinced that we do not need this handout. I am well aware of the shortages in personnel to handle the programs needed but we are a young, healthy, capable, fast-growing profession possessing every quality needed to solve these problems in an orderly, developmental, self-respect maintaining way, and I fail to find a single reason for us to turn to a benevolent parent for our financial support. The best support I can think of for this statement is a glance at our brief history—our phenomenal growth is not apt to change, and all of the things that created it are still operative. There is no reason to believe, then, that it will not continue even if a few spots of decay are beginning to show in our moral fiber. We have a magnificent precedent in the action of Disabilities, Inc. in New York, which under the guidance of Dr. George D. Weaver, has determined to stand on its own feet to the extent of refusing a private grant of land for a much-needed factory site. Shame on us if we cannot match the spirit we demand of those we treat!

Granted that this bill is passed, where does this movement stop? If we are entitled to this kind of Federal support, so are the psychologists, social workers, pediatricians, physical therapists, occupational therapists, and so on.

All of these fields are fighting the battle of severe shortages in all phases of their work. As I understand the bill, the funds could be used for equipment as well as for fellowships. When did equipment become so important in the training of a therapist? And which University or College in this country is so poor or poorly supported that it cannot secure adequate equipment for a sound training program? I repeat—adequate for training purposes, not for impressing visitors. The well-equipped research laboratory is expensive but I wonder if you can find a single instance in which an institution of higher learning that conducts a graduate program of the quality needed to be eligible for the benefits of the proposed measures, has been unable to secure sufficient funds for a well-organized, authentic, research program? Certainly we would all like to fill our shelves and showcases with expensive,

When Summer Comes . . .

One frustration of every educational program is the interruption in the learning process which comes at the peak of accomplishment. Such is often the woe of the speech clinician and teacher whose work is interrupted each year by the summer vacation. Yet, learning does not stop when summer comes. Fishing and catching tadpoles or going on a trip or jumping rope with a new friend can be valuable educational experiences. Neither does a program of speech correction and language development need to stop when summer comes. The speech clinician and teacher can convey this continued need by counseling and orienting parents to "The Best Speech Series" as a carry-over activity for children needing such instruction.

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glittering, chrome equipment, but if we feel we cannot do without these things we have many resources to tap—private, local, and state, before we have to tap the Federal till, and thereby risk the restrictions and consequent loss of individual freedom that handouts must necessarily entail.

What provision does this bill make for equitable, regional distribution of the funds? As I see it, the only provision lies within the integrity of the advisory group. Are members of this group going to be chosen from areas as far from Washington as is the University of Nevada? The bill is designed to provide funds for large, well-established institutions which need them least. The list of schools which receive training grants from Vocational Rehabilitation for the school year 1959-1960, provides a good example of this point (See page 65, Vol. 1, No. 2, October 1959, *Asha*).

Granted that if we have generous scholarships and fellowships to hand out we may induce more people to go in for advanced degrees—but is this the caliber of people we want in leadership positions? It has always been my observation that handouts attract bums and glitter attracts moths. Sometimes a helping hand is essential. How much better then, is the program of the National Defense Education Act which makes it possible for a student to borrow money at low interest rates and has a provision that encourages him to stay in the field, but it is a loan—he has to pay it back. Consequently, when he is through, he has a greater sense of achievement and he still possesses his self-respect, and that is the way it should be.

Bernard A. Anderson,
Director, Speech and Hearing Clinic
Department of Speech & Drama
University of Nevada

HOUSE OF STATE DELEGATES

The description of the House of State Delegates published in the October, 1959 *Asha* did not define the restrictions which were stated in the recent ballot sent to the members of the American Speech and Hearing Association.

It is our understanding that the ballot stated no State organization with fewer than 25 members of ASHA would be recognized or represented. If this be so, it seems unnecessarily penalizing to states with small population and/or those who are attempting to build state organizations fully qualified to carry out the ethical and professional growth of our profession.

The State of Vermont is small, however quantity can certainly be equated with quality. In the Vermont Speech and Hearing Association, there are twelve members, five of whom are members of ASHA. Of this number, four have Advanced Certification in speech, one has Basic Certification in speech and in hearing with sponsorship privilege in both areas. The small percentage of ASHA members in our state organization (organized in 1957) does not reflect unqualified personnel, but merely that our other members have other major areas of work.

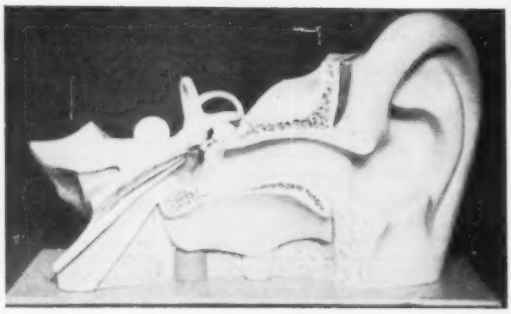
I am sure there are many states like Vermont where it would be absolutely impossible to immediately claim 25 ASHA members without going into the hi-ways and bi-ways to cajole school administrators, nurses, doctors, or others who are just beginning a correctionists training program at the University of Vermont, a program which will undoubtedly grow resulting in enlarged membership along with increased growth due to an overall expansion. In the meantime, however, it is difficult to understand the discriminating attitude of the Executive Council.

At this time, if our understanding of the restrictive membership requirements is correct, as representative of the Vermont Speech and Hearing Association, I would like to make a strong protest against such discriminatory action on the part of the national organization.

Vilma T. Falck
Secretary Vermont Speech & Hearing Association
Burlington, Vermont

ANATOMICAL EARS

Models — Cutaways — Charts



Model #772-c1900

Various models, cutaways and charts of the Ear are available for office use, educational purposes, and patients' explanations. This selection includes an anatomical wall chart of the human ear; a chart of the hearing mechanism (21" x 14") in color and with arrows pointing the path of the sound; a cutaway of the Middle and Inner Ear; a separate cutaway of the Inner Ear (Labyrinth); a complete model of the Ear (Organon auditus).

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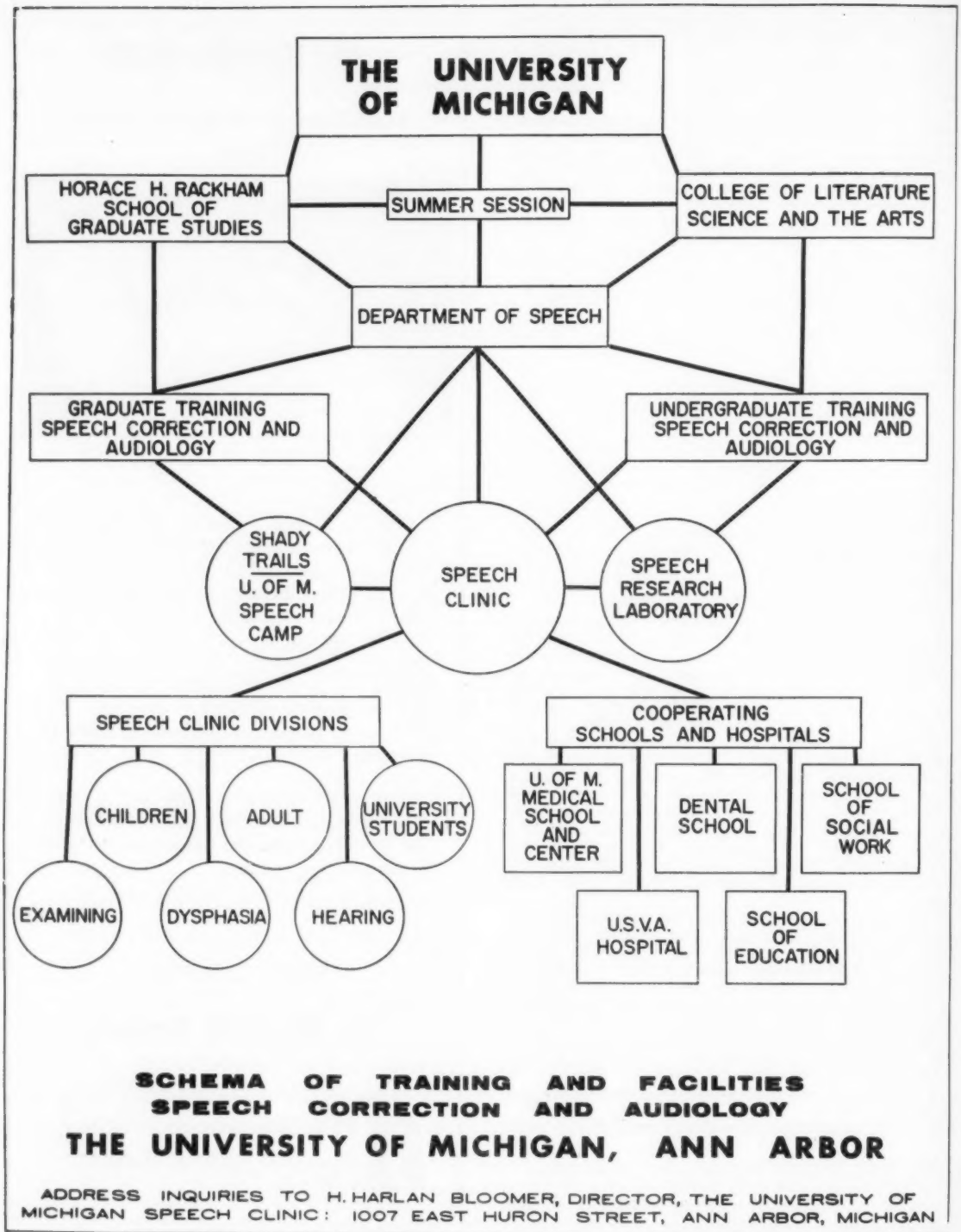

SCHEMA OF TRAINING AND FACILITIES
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REPORT OF THE CONVENTION

AMERICAN SPEECH AND HEARING ASSOCIATION

Cleveland, Ohio – November 9-14, 1959

THE stenographic report, including copies of reports submitted by officers and the Committee Chairmen, constitutes the minutes of the 1959 Convention. These are on file in the National Office. The following is an abstract of those minutes, and includes important matters of business introduced by motions during the Council and Business meetings.

COUNCIL MEETINGS

NOVEMBER 9, 1959—9:00 A.M.

THE FOLLOWING OFFICERS, officers-elect and members of Council were present: George A. Kopp, Jon Eisenson, Stanley H. Ainsworth, Jack Matthews, Miriam D. Pauls, Kenneth O. Johnson, Wendell Johnson, Ruth B. Irwin, Herold Lillywhite, Ira J. Hirsh, Hayes A. Newby, Wilbert L. Pronovost, Sylvia O. Richardson, Jack L. Bangs, Dean E. Williams, James F. Jerger. President Kopp called the meeting to order.

Minutes of the 1958 Convention. Moved by Matthews, seconded by Richardson that the minutes of the 1958 Convention be approved as published in the May, 1959 issue of the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders*. Passed.

Report of the President: George A. Kopp. President George Kopp announced the interim appointment of several *ad hoc* and special committees, additions and replacement appointments to existing committees and special appointments and recommendations.

The President reported on interim voting action by Council on the slate of nominees for Trustees of the American Boards of Examiners and Speech Pathology and Audiology. Due to objections to election procedure, the President declared that there had been no election. Moved by Richardson and seconded by Pronovost that the President's Report be accepted. Passed.

Report of the Vice-President: Miriam Pauls. The 1959 Convention Program was summarized by Miriam Pauls. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Newby that the Report of the Vice President be received. Passed.

Report of the Executive Vice-President: Jack Matthews. The Executive Vice-President presented the report. Council discussed the need for the establishment of an Executive Committee which would be empowered to take official action and hold face-to-face meetings. Cost factors preclude the meeting of the entire Executive Council between annual Conventions. Discussion included the size of the Committee, its responsibilities, activities not delegated to it, e.g., Budget and Committee appointments.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that an Executive Committee of the Council be created on matters that require action not feasible for the full Council between its annual meetings. Such actions shall be reported to Council for ratification. The Executive Committee is to be composed of the President, President-Elect, Executive Vice-President, and a Councilor-at-Large, with the Executive Secretary Ex Officio, and the Executive Vice-President, Chairman. Passed.

2. Upon motion duly made and seconded, RESOLVED: It is the Council's wish to have the responsible officers proceed with the exploration of the question of additional space at the National Office. Passed.

Following discussion of the variety and quantity of work required of the Executive Secretary and the rapidly expanding activities of the National Office, it was:

3. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Ainsworth that authorization be given for the addition of a professional staff member for the National Office subject to the approval of the Committee on Budget and the Council with regard to financing. Passed.

The Executive Vice-President's Report also presented a statement of need for the President and Executive Vice-President to continue to work out operating procedures which would minimize the overlap of functions of these two offices.

Report of the Committe on Liaison: Jack Matthews, Chairman. The activities of the Committee were described. No recommendations were made. It was duly moved and seconded that the Report of the Committee on Liaison be accepted. Passed.

Liaison Subcommittee on Legislation: Jack Matthews, Chairman. The activities of the Subcommittee were described. No recommendations were made. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Liaison Subcommittee on Legislation be accepted. Passed.

Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on Education and Training Registry: Barbara Bounds Blackstone, Chairman. The report, presented by Matthews, described the problems encountered by the Committee in attempting to evaluate applications for listing on the temporary Education and Training Registry. The Committee expressed the need for up-to-date publication of lists of individuals with Advanced Certification. It suggested that the requirement of "a holder of the Advanced Certificate on the faculty," should mean a bona fide member of the faculty and not a part-time lecturer who occasionally teaches a course. The Committee suggested it should develop a manual of instructions setting forth the requirements listing on the Registry and describing the requirements for bona fide faculty members, etc. Changes in the application forms for the listing were discussed. Council urged that on publication of the Registry it be made clear that ASHA was not certifying institutions, that the responsibility for listing rests in the institutions themselves.

Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Williams that the Report of the *Ad Hoc* Committee on the Education and Training Registry be approved. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Time and Place: Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Committee on Time and Place be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Richardson and seconded by W. Johnson that the Report of the Committee on Time and Place be approved. Passed.

[Interim action of the Executive Council approved the following sites and dates for the 1961 and 1962 Conventions:

1961—Chicago, Illinois–Hotel Sherman–Nov. 5, 6, 7, 8.

1962–New York City–Hotel Statler–Nov. 18, 19, 20, 21.]

Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Master Hearing Aid: Moe Bergman, Chairman. The report described the hearing aid manufacturers' interest in the master hearing aid as a substitute for current stocks of wearable aids in clinics. The report raised several questions concerning the use of a master aid.

Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Matthews, that the report of the Committee be received and that the Committee be discharged. Passed.

Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on Job Titles: Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the *Ad Hoc* Committee on Job Titles be received. Passed.

The report presented definitions of Audiologists, Speech Pathologists, Speech Correctionists and Audiometrists. Council suggested that the term Speech Clinician be substituted for Speech Correctionist, that a definition be drafted for Hearing Clinician, that the definition for Audiometrist be revised, that the definitions be kept as general as possible, and that the report be submitted to the Executive Committee for approval.

2. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by W. Johnson that the *Ad Hoc* Committee on Job Titles proceed with the revision of this report considering the spirit of the comments made by the Council in discussion. These would include adding a job title of Hearing Clinician with appropriate revision in Audiometrist job description and omitting Hearing and Speech Scientist. The revision is to be submitted to the Executive Committee. Passed.

Report of the Committee on the National Index on Deafness, Speech and Hearing: Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman. The origin of the National Index, its financial support, as well as its various activities, were discussed.

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Pronovost that the report be received. Passed.

2. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Newby that a special committee on the National Index on Deafness, Speech and Hearing be appointed, to be designated as the Board of Directors of the National Index on Deafness, Speech and Hearing. Passed.

It was duly moved and seconded that the Committee on the National Index on Deafness, Speech and Hearing consist of three members. Passed.

Meeting Recessed at 11:55 A.M. to reconvene at 1:30 P.M.

NOVEMBER 9, 1959—1:30 P.M.

The meeting reconvened and was called to order by President Kopp. The same officers and members of the Council were present as at the morning session.

Report of the Subcommittee on Standards in Public Schools Speech Correction: Donald Harrington, Chairman. The report was presented by Charlotte Wells, Chairman of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Newby that the Report of the Subcommittee on Standards in Public Schools Speech Correction be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Richardson that The development of the Job Description for Public School Speech Correctionists be considered as an action to be taken, but as one that should await the results of the ASHA-Purdue Research Project; and that the formulation of guidelines for supervised practice in public schools speech corrections be considered as an action to be taken, but as one which should await the results of the ASHA-Purdue Research Project. Passed.

Report of the Ad Hoc Subcommittee on Specific Certification Requirements: Charlotte Wells.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the *Ad Hoc* Subcommittee be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that certification requirements relating to the areas now designated as "Mental Hygiene" and "Child Psychology" be rephrased in terms of the purposes they are intended to serve without reference to any specific courses that may be assumed to carry out those purposes. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech: Charlotte Wells, Chairman.

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson to receive the report. Passed.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pauls that the publication of the Sponsor's Manual be deferred pending the results of action taken as a result of Recommendation F of the Report of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech. Passed. (Recommendation F: "That the Executive Council approve and adopt the modifications of the requirements for certification by the ASHA presented in the Joint Report of the Committees on Standards.")

3. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson to table the recommendation "that in accordance with the recommendation of the Special Committee of Committee Chairmen (Powers, Irwin, Gaeth, Wells, Lillywhite) the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech become one of the Subcommittees of the Committee on Professional Standards and Ethics. Passed.

4. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the responsibility of working out job descriptions, titles, and designations to be clearly allocated. Passed. (The Chairman of the *Ad Hoc* Committee on Job Titles was instructed to forward to the Chairman of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech a copy of the final descriptions when approved by the Executive Committee.)

5. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Hirsh to table the recommendation "that the Executive Council approve and adopt the modifications of the requirements for certification by the American Speech and Hearing Association presented in the Joint Report of the Committees on Standards." Passed.

6. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Newby that the Council commend Dr. Wells and her Committee for their efficiency, perspicacity and dogged determination. Passed.

Report of the Special Committee of Committee Chairmen: Ruth B. Irwin, Chairman.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Special Committee of Committee Chairmen be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Ainsworth that the Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech, Clinical Standards in Hearing and Ethical Practice should be discontinued as separate and independent Committees, being replaced by a Committee on Professional Standards and Ethics, with three Subcommittees—one for Clinical Standards in Speech, one for Clinical Standards in Hearing, and one for Ethical Practice. Lost.

3. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the Special Committee of Committee Chairman be continued for another year. Passed.

The Council discussed at length the need for increased communication between the Committees on Standards and Ethics, and discussed various means by which improved communication could be encouraged.

Report of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Hearing: John Gaeth, Chairman.

1. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Richardson to receive the Report of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Hearing. Passed.

Joint Report of the Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech and Clinical Standards in Hearing: Charlotte Wells.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pauls that the Joint Report of the Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech and Clinical Standards in Speech and Clinical Standards in Hearing be received. Passed.

The report consisted of recommended changes in standards for clinical certification in both speech and hearing at both the Basic and Advanced levels. The report also included proposed descriptions of what Speech Pathologists and Audiologists are. It proposed that a Speech Pathologist be designated as an individual who holds the Advanced Clinical Certificate in Speech and that an Audiologist be designated as an individual who holds an Advanced Clinical Certificate in Hearing. The Council discussed designating a Speech Clinician as an individual who holds a Basic Clinical Certificate in Speech

and a Hearing Clinician as an individual who holds a Basic Clinical Certificate in Hearing. The Council discussed whether or not the proposed standards tended to tighten or loosen the existing standards and whether or not they would increase or decrease the difficulty of interpreting standards. The Council noted that the proposed standards for the Advanced Clinical Certificate in Speech would require an examination as currently exists in the hearing area.

2. Motion was duly made and seconded to refer the recommendations of the Joint Committee relative to Basic Certification back to the Standards Committees for conference with the Executive Committee. Passed.

3. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Pronovost that the recommendations for certificates for the Speech Pathologist and Audiologist be adopted. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Clinical Certification: Ruth B. Irwin, Chairman.

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Committee on Clinical Certification be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by W. Johnson that the recommendation of the Committee on Clinical Certification that a budget of $7,925 be approved for the operation of the Committee on Clinical Certification be referred to the Committee on Budget. Passed.

3. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that new members of the Committee on Clinical Certification be appointed at least thirty days prior to the annual convention so that "education" of the new committee members may take place during the convention. Passed.

The meeting recessed at 5:30 P.M. to reconvene at 7:30 P.M.

NOVEMBER 9, 1959—7:45 P.M.

The meeting was reconvened and called to order by President Kopp. The same officers and members of the Council were present as at the morning session.

Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice: Herold Lillywhite, Chairman.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Wendell Johnson that the Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Ainsworth that the Executive Council immediately assure the Committee on Ethical Practice and its individual members that the American Speech and Hearing Association will assume responsibility for any legal action brought against the Committee or any of its members individually so long as the Committee and the individuals have acted in good faith and according to established procedures of the Committee. Passed.

The Council discussed the meaning of the terms "qualified" and "unqualified" and their relation to "certified" and "uncertified," and the Code of Ethics. The Association has an established policy that persons with Basic Certification will work under supervision of individuals with Advanced Certification. Since many Basic Certificate holders do not work under supervision the question of the ethical nature of their practice arises. Council discussed the implication that the uncertified person and the Basic Certificate holder are equally "unqualified." The Council discussed deleting reference to "qualification" from the Code. It discussed identification of subjects through case records, the problem of interpreting what is or is not confidential information, and the need for identification of some subjects for teaching purposes.

3. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by W. Johnson that Recommendation "A" of the Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice having to do with the identification of subjects through case records be referred back to the Committee on Ethical Practice to be rewritten in terms of the discussion held. Passed.

4. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Pronovost that paragraph 7, section 2,a, of the Code of Ethics be changed to read: "to deal with speech or hearing patients who may require medical evaluation or treatment without the advice of a physician." The sense of the Council was that the judgment of the person with Advanced Certification would be accepted in ethical questions or cases which may develop as a result of this section of the Code.

5. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Matthews that Recommendation "C" of the Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice having to do with the use of the term "qualified" or "certified" in paragraph 9, section 2,a, of the Code of Ethics be referred back to the Committee for rewording. Passed.

6. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Williams that paragraph 11, section 2,a, be changed to read: "to accept a fee, gift, or other form of gratuity for serving as a sponsor of applicants for clinical certification by the American Speech and Hearing Association."

The Council urged the Committee on Ethical Practice to develop positive statements of ethical practice and that the Committee increase its educational activities particularly with persons responsible for training programs.

Report of the Business Manager: Kenneth O. Johnson. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Business Manager be accepted with the following recommendations:

1) that the bid from Interstate Printers and Publishers for printing of the 1960 *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders* and the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Research* be accepted,

2) that the new journal, *Asha*, be printed at Interstate Printers and Publishers during 1960. Passed.

The Council discussed publishing costs as well as present income from advertising sources for *Asha*. Council discussed the sources of future support and whether revenue from advertising and subscriptions would be sufficient to cover estimated costs.

Report of he Committee on Membership: Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Wendell Johnson and seconded by Richardson to receive the Report of the Committee on Membership. Passed.

The Council discussed the advisability of restating the dues statement. It discussed the question of what constitutes tangent areas, the need to simplify membership application processes for established researchers and persons who have been working in the speech correction field for years and the frequent requests from members that ASHA make more stringent its membership requirements.

2. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Williams that a subcommittee be appointed to discuss with Sigma Alpha Eta the development of lines or areas of responsibility for the recruitment of undergraduate students. Passed.

3. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that a subcommittee be appointed to develop materials and determine the composition of ASHA-sponsored exhibits for recruitment of new members. Passed.

4. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that Mrs. Kathryn Horton be commended by the Council for her extraordinary efforts to recruit members for ASHA in Tennessee. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Revision of By-Laws: Elaine Paden, Chairman.

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Committee on Revision of By-Laws be received. Passed.

2. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Matthews that "in order to include the Seal of the Corporation in the By-Laws, as ordered by the 1958 Executive Council, revise Article 1, Name, by adding the following: . . . and its Seal of the Corporation shall be: (See p. 152)

Passed.

3. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that "in order to restrict Associateship to undergraduate students, as ordered by the 1958 Executive Council, revise Article III, Membership; Section 2, Eligibility; paragraph a, to read as follows: "Members must hold the bachelor's degree or higher in the general area of speech, hearing or tangent, except that this requirement may be waived in special instances by recommendation of the Committee on Membership and two-thirds vote by the Executive Council. Associates must be undergraduate students in speech, hearing or tangent areas." Passed.

The Council discussed possible developments during the coming years in the status and role of the House of State Delegates and concern was expressed for establishing the House of State Delegates as a "Committee" of the Association.

4. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Newby to table a proposed By-Law revision concerning the establishment of the House of State Delegates pending discussion of the Report of the Executive Secretary. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Group Insurance: Isaac Brackett.

1. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Williams that the Report of the Committee on Group Insurance be approved. Passed.

***Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice* (Continuation):**

1. Moved by Matthews and seconded by W. Johnson to reconsider the action taken by the Executive Council on section 2-B of the Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice. Passed.

(Recommendation 2-B "Paragraph 7, section 2-A, now reads: 'To deal with speech patients requiring medical treatment without the advice of a physician.' To be changed to read: 'To deal with speech or hearing patients who may require medical evaluation or treatment without the advice of a physician.'")

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Eisenson that section 2-B of the Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice be referred to the Committee for further consideration, rewriting and presentation to the Council within the next 24 hours. Passed.

3. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Matthews to adjourn. Passed.

The meeting was recessed at 10:15 p.m. to reconvene the following morning at 9:00 a.m.

NOVEMBER 10, 1959—9:30 A.M.

The meeting was called to order by President Kopp.

Report of the Executive Secretary: Kenneth O. Johnson.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Executive Secretary be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Bangs and seconded by Matthews that the TIAA-CREF Retirement Plan as detailed in the 1959 Report of the Executive Secretary be approved. Passed.

The Retirement Plan as approved is as follows:

"I. Participation. A retirement plan is hereby established for all regular, full-time employees of the American Speech and Hearing Association. Participation of eligible individuals shall be:

(a) Voluntary for administrative officers immediately upon employment.

(b) Voluntary for all other employees following completion of two years of service, and upon reaching the age of 30 years.

"II. *Retirement Age.* Except as provided in Section III, all participants in this retirement plan shall retire at the end of the calendar year in which they attain age 65, herein called normal retirement age.

"III. *Extension of Service.* By special vote of the Executive Council, extensions of service beyond normal retirement age may be made for definite periods not to exceed one year each, but no such extensions shall postpone retirement beyond the end of the calendar year in which age 70 is retained.

"IV. *Contributions.* Each participant in this retirement plan shall contribute five per cent of his regular monthly compensation; American Speech and Hearing Association shall deduct each such contribution from compensation payments, add equal amounts as its contribution, and apply the combined sum to the purchase of retirement benefits for the participant as follows:

(a) at the election of the participant, either 100 per cent, 75 per cent, 66 2/3 per cent, or 50 per cent of such of such combined sum will be forwarded to Teachers Insurance and Annuity of America as a premium for a retirement annuity contract on the participant's life.

(b) the balance, if any, of such combined sum will be forwarded to the College Retirement Equities Fund as a premium for an Equities Fund annuity certificate on the participant's life.

"V. *Contracts.* Each retirement annuity contract written in accordance with Section IV is for the sole purpose of providing a retirement income and/or death benefit and is the property of an individual participant; each contract is between a participant and the issuing company.

"VI. *Amendment.* While it is expected that this plan will continue indefinitely, American Speech and Hearing Association reserves the right to modify or discontinue it at any time.

"VII. *Effective Date.* The effective date of this retirement plan shall be ....., 19....."

Following discussion of a letter received from the Executive Secretary of the Speech Association of America inviting the American Speech and Hearing Association to hold joint conventions with the Speech Association of America and following consideration of the advantages and disadvantages of such an arrangement, it was:

3. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that because of the administrative disadvantages of a substantially increased convention attendance the request of the Speech Association of America for the holding of joint conventions not be approved. Passed.

4. Moved by Irwin and seconded by Pronovost that, beginning January 1, 1960, Associates receive both the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders* and *Asha* as part of their dues and the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Research* for $2.50, if desired. Passed.

The Council discussed the implications of adding the responsibility of Chairman of the Committee on Budget to those already held by the Executive Vice-President.

5. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that the Executive Secretary be replaced as Chairman of the Committee on Budget by the Executive Vice-President. Passed.

6. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Richardson:

1) that the By-Laws be amended to create an Office of Treasurer;

2) that the Treasurer's term of office be two years;

3) that the Treasurer be elected by the membership. Lost.

The Council discussed the procedures established during the year for the preliminary handling of applications from the state speech and hearing associations relative to the House of State Delegates.

7. Moved by Pronovost and seconded by Williams that the procedures established for making applications be approved. Passed.

The procedures approved are as follows:

A. A formal letter in triplicate is requested from a responsible official stating that the *responsible group* (whether council or voting membership, depending on the By-Laws) in the state association requests recognition ("affiliation") from the ASHA as being eligible to send a delegate(s) to the House of State Delegates.

B. Three copies of a current accurate membership list are requested. These lists are to be accompanied by some indication of which state association members are also ASHA members.

C. Three copies of the current Constitution and By-Laws are requested.

8. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Lillywhite that the principles followed in evaluating constitutions be approved. Passed.

The following are the principles used in evaluating constitutions:

A. The name of the state association should be appropriate for the total membership of ASHA.

B. The membership requirements should be essentially the same as those of the ASHA.

C. Ethical practice requirements should be stated and should not be incompatible with those of the ASHA.

D. Some provision should exist for the election or appointment of a delegate(s).

E. The organization making application should be representative of the board membership and interests of ASHA in the state.

F. The organization making application should be a state speech and hearing association and not a division or department of another larger state association.

G. Membership requirements should not be stated in terms of requirements controlled by some other organization.

H. Membership in the state speech and hearing association should not be contingent upon membership in any other group or organization.

9. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that the application of the Kentucky Speech and Hearing Association be approved. Passed.

10. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Irwin that state speech and hearing associations be required to have a minimum of 25 ASHA members. Passed.

11. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that state associations should be permitted to sum their ASHA memberships for purposes of recognition and seating in the House of State Delegates.

Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson to amend the motion No. 11, above, by substituting: "any state group that has less than 25 ASHA members but otherwise meets the requirements for state associations may combine with any other such state group for the purpose of forming an association for recognition and electing delegates."

Following considerable discussion of the affect that motion No. 10 above, would have on state groups not having 25 members, Council voted on the original motion No. 11 above. The motion lost.

12. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that the following recommendation (Recommendation No. 10 above) which was previously approved be reconsidered: "That state speech and hearing associations be required to have a minimum of 25 ASHA members." Passed.

13. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that the Recommendation No. 10 above, as formerly approved, be amended by the insertion of the words at the beginning, "For purposes of recognition by ASHA." Passed.

[The complete motion reads: "For purposes of recognition by ASHA, state speech and hearing associations be required to have a minimum of 25 ASHA members.]

The Executive Secretary indicated that every effort would be made to determine the exact number of state associations which would not qualify for recognition in the House of State Delegates because of this requirement and that such information would be brought back to the Council for its consideration.

The Executive Council discussed at length the kind of relationship which might develop between the House of State Delegates and the Executive Council. It was suggested that the relationship would be defined by describing what the delegates were empowered to do. Council considered that initially the House of State Delegates would function as an Advisory Board but that an evolution of the functions of the House of State Delegates must be anticipated and that this evolution might include a growth toward increasing control and responsibility by the House of State Delegates.

14. Moved by Matthews and seconded by W. Johnson that the proposed By-Law revision concerning establishment of the House of State Delegates be removed from the table. Passed. (See proposed Revision No. 3 of full report of the Committee on Revision of the By-Laws.)

15. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Jerger that the Council instruct the Executive Secretary to follow the guidelines suggested by Revision No. 3 of the Report of the Committee on Revision of the By-Laws in implementing the establishment of the House of State Delegates concept. Passed.

16. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson to substitute the expression "Council of State Delegates" wherever the expression "House of State Delegates" appears in the proposed revision of the By-Laws pertaining to the House of State Delegates. Lost.

The proposed By-Law Revision as approved by the Council is as follows:

RECOMMENDED BY-LAW CHANGE:

Article IX. In order to establish a House of State Delegates, insert a new Article, immediately following the present Article VIII, numbered Article IX, and renumber all subsequent Articles, the new Article to read as follows:

Article IX. House of State Delegates. Section 1, Designation

a. The House of State Delegates of the American Speech and Hearing Association shall be a body composed of Members elected to represent at least twelve recognized state organizations in speech and hearing.

b. One delegate may be elected to represent each state group whose membership includes less than 100 ASHA Members and two delegates may be elected from each state group whose membership includes more than 100 ASHA Members. Alternate delegates may be elected to serve in case the delegates cannot attend the national meeting. Delegates shall serve for a term of two years and may be elected for one addi-

tional term. A delegate who moves from one state to another after having served one term may be elected to serve one additional term for his new state group. Each delegate shall have one vote in the execution of the business of the House.

c. A recognized state organization shall be one whose purposes and structure are consistent with the purposes of the American Speech and Hearing Association as recognized by the Executive Council upon petition and submission of copies of its Constitution By-Laws and Code of Ethics, whose total ASHA membership is not less than 25, and a majority of whose members are Members of ASHA. It shall represent a state rather than a region and only one group shall be recognized in any state.

Section 2. Duties

a. The House of State Delegates shall discuss and propose policies for consideration by the Executive Council. The specific topics for discussion may be proposed by the Executive Council, by the state organizations, or by groups of Members through the delegates. The House shall receive reports from the President and the Executive Secretary and such other reports from the Executive Council as it may request.

b. The House of State Delegates shall elect one of its Members each year for appointment to each of the following committees: Committee on Nominations, Committee on Liaison, Committee on Time and Place, Committee on Publications, and such other committees as the Executive Council may designate. It shall elect its own nominating committee to propose these persons and persons to serve as officers of the House of Delegates.

Section 3. Officers

The following officers shall be elected for terms of two years: Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Parliamentarian, and Clerk. The Chairman shall be elected one year in advance of taking office. It shall be the duty of the Chairman to prepare the agenda for meetings of the House and to officiate at its meetings; of the Vice-Chairman to substitute for the Chairman as needed and to assist the Chairman in any way; of the Parliamentarian to advise the Chairman and the House on questions of parliamentary nature, and of the Clerk to record the minutes of meetings.

Section 4. Meetings

The House of Delegates shall meet on the day preceding the opening of each Annual Convention of the American Speech and Hearing Association, and at least once during the Convention.

17. Moved by Wendell Johnson and seconded by Richardson that the Executive Council approve the Report of the Joint Committee on Standards for Teachers of the Hard of Hearing. Passed.

18. Moved by Wendell Johnson and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Joint Committee on Standards for Teachers of the Hard of Hearing be referred to the Committee on Standards in Hearing with the request that it be implemented. Passed.

The Report on Standards for Teachers of the Hard of Hearing from the Joint Committee included the following recommendations: "That to meet adequately the needs of the teachers of the hard of hearing the preferred course of action would be to strengthen the present existing training centers and standards for certification in both the American Speech and Hearing Association and the Conference of Executives of American Schools for the Deaf than to set up new standards. Also, in place of setting up additional standards and additional accrediting agencies for the teachers of the hard of hearing in the United States that the American Speech and Hearing Association and the Conference of Executives of American Schools for the Deaf consider the enrichment of their training programs to meet more adequately the needs of teachers of the deaf and audiologists who function as teachers of hard of hearing children. Suggested ways to accomplish this goal would include appropriate academic preparation, observational opportunities and adequately supervised practicum. For audiologists the emphasis should be placed on the broadening of their understanding of the development of language and methods for teaching language to deaf, hard of hearing and other children with communicative disorders. For teachers of the deaf the emphasis should be placed on the broadening of their understanding of audiology, particularly as it applies to the aural rehabilitation."

19. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Ainsworth that a committee be appointed to explore areas of overlapping activity and opportunities through increased mutual assistance, and that the same committee also explore the possibilities of a joint or adjacent annual meeting with the American Hearing Society. Passed.

20. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the report of the auditing firm of Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., for the year 1958 be approved. Passed. The report is appended to the minutes.

Council discussed the question of separating operating income from special income such as that acquired from grants in the auditor's report.

Moved by Eisenson and seconded by Richardson to adjourn until 1:30 P.M. Passed. The meeting recessed at 12:05 P.M.

NOVEMBER 10, 1959—1:30 P.M.

The meeting was called to order by President Kopp.

Report of the Committee on Association Planning: Margaret Hall Powers, Chairman.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that the Report of the Committee on Association Planning be received. Passed.

2. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council, in its planning and legislating, give full recognition to the scientific as well as to the professional aspects of the Association's objectives. Passed.

The Council discussed the need to raise the minimum standards for certification so that all individuals would be trained to a level which would permit them to perform their services independently. The problems of accomplishing this raising of the standards was discussed.

3. Moved by Richardson and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council accept in principle the need for raising minimum standards for certification in speech and hearing and enjoin the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech and the Committee on Clinical Standards in Hearing to study this issue with a view to recommending changes for adoption within the next five years. Passed.

The Committee Report expressed concern over the trend which appears to be developing in some school systems to substitute classroom speech improvement for clinical speech services.

4. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council refer this issue to an appropriate committee or subcommittee for study and recommendations. Passed. The Executive Council, having approved the recommendation to refer the "speech improvement issue" to an appropriate committee or subcommittee for study and recommendations, did not specify the committee or subcommittee which would concern itself with the study and recommendations.

5. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Association budget its funds so as to live within its means, maintaining all of its basic operations independently of outside financial support; that the sources of support to the Association be such that the independent action of the Association in achieving its basis purposes shall be secure; that any statement of principle and policy not rule

out acceptance of funds for special projects which lie within the responsibility, competence and purpose of the Association. Passed.

6. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Eisenson to reaffirm the recommendation that the Executive Council consider delegating executive responsibilities to a portion of the Executive Council and that this Executive Committee be empowered to hold meetings and transact business throughout the year. Appropriate provision should, of course, be made for full Executive Council approval or veto. Passed.

7. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that a Standing Committee on Research not be established but that ad hoc committees be appointed as needs arise to carry out specific tasks. An *ad hoc* committee might be appointed, for example, to assist the Executive Secretary in developing and drafting a research proposal.

The Council discussed the advisability of having a continuing Research Committee which could assume responsibility for the development of proposals, grant requests, etc. It also discussed the danger that some members might consider that all research had to be cleared through or conducted through a Research Committee if formed.

Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson to amend the previous motion by substituting. The motion was that a Special Committee on Association Research Projects be established. Passed.

8. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council appoint a committee to explore the need for Training Institutes and the various possible means by which these could be provided and make recommendations to the Executive Council. Passed.

9. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that: a) the Committee on Association Planning be free to accept or reject items referred to it for study, even by the the Executive Council, and determine its own agenda; b) that further Committees on Association Planning be less burdened with urgent and immediate problems of concern for the Association and leave these problems to standing or ad hoc committees; c) that the Committee on Association Planning concern itself with broader, more fundamental and longer-range scientific and professional problems which are relative to the activities and principles of ASHA, such as the implications for the profession of the evolution of a world language, voice activated devices, population growth, to mention only a few, and d) that the Committee on Association Planning be continued, that it be kept small, that it be composed of nonmembers of the Executive Council, that adequate budgetary provision be made for its operation, that it not be regarded as a source of referral for current problems, that it be mainly concerned with the future rather than the present of the Association, and that it be free to select its own topics for consideration. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Publications: W. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that the reports of the editors of the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders*, the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Research*, and *Asha* be approved with commendation. Passed.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that The American Speech and Hearing Association acknowledge with admiration and gratitude the consistently efficient work and constructive cooperation of Interstate Printers and Publishers, printers and distributors of the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders*, the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Research Monographs* and various other Association publications. Passed.

3. Moved by Richardson and seconded by Pauls that the name of the "Committee on Publications" be changed to "Publications Board" and that the title "Editor of the Association" be changed to "Chairman of the Publications Board." Passed.

4. Moved by Richardson and seconded by Williams that provision be made, through necessary changes in the By-Laws, for the appointment of the Editor of *Asha* and the delegation to him of authority and responsibility for the editing of *Asha*. Passed.

5. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Williams that provision be made, through necessary changes in the By-Laws, for the appointment of an Editor of *Monographs* and the delegation to him of authority and responsibility for the editing of *Monographs* and other ASHA publications not otherwise assigned. Passed.

Report of the Committee on the American Speech and Hearing Foundation: W. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Richardson and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Committee on the American Speech and Hearing Foundation be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Pronovost and seconded by Williams that the proposed changes in the Association's By-Laws be made. Passed. This motion was acted on following discussion of proposed changes in the By-Laws which appear below.

Proposed Changes in the ASHA By-Laws Relating to the American Speech and Hearing Foundation

Article IX, Section 2 (change to read as follows)

"The Committee on Committees shall consist of the Officers of the Association, the Executive Secretary, and the President-Elect, who shall be Chairman. Its duties shall be to recommend to the Executive Council the appointive or elective personnel of all Committees and of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation for the succeeding year."

Article IX, Section 16 (ELIMINATE COMPLETELY)

Add to the following as Section 5 to Article XIV.

Article XIV, Section 5, Election of Officers

The officers of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation shall consist of the following: Chairman of the Board, President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and Secretary. The officers of the Foundation shall be elected by the Executive Council sitting as Trustees of the Foundation. The terms of office shall be as follows:

Chairman of the Board—4 years

President—4 years

Vice-President—3 years

Treasurer—2 years

Secretary—1 year

A President-Elect shall be elected one year prior to the expiration of the current President's term and shall serve as one of the officers of the Foundation during that year.

The Foundation's officers shall administer, under supervision of the Executive Council, sitting as Trustees, the activities of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation as defined elsewhere in Article XIV.

3. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Williams that the following statement be approved. Passed.

STATEMENT

American Speech and Hearing Foundation

The American Speech and Hearing Foundation is a charitable trust established in 1956 by the American Speech and Hearing Association, a nonprofit organization incorporated under the laws of Kansas in 1947. It is the purpose of the Foundation to advance scientific and educational endeavor in Speech Pathology and Audiology.

The Foundation receives funds from individual, group, and corporate donors and other sources, and distributes these funds as scholarship, training, and research grants to qualified applicants in the field of speech pathology and audiology.

The Foundation maintains a close working relationship with the American Speech and Hearing Association. The Foundation's trustees are all either corporate officers or members of the Association's Executive Council and the Association pays all administrative and overhead expenses of the Foundation.

The Bureau of Internal Revenue recognizes the Foundation as a bona fide charitable trust so that donors, either living or testimentary, benefit under all applicable Federal Tax exemption clauses.

4. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Ainsworth that the Executive Council sit as Trustees of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation. Passed.

MEETING OF TRUSTEES OF AMERICAN SPEECH AND HEARING FOUNDATION, NOVEMBER 10, 1959.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Williams that the Trustees of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation approve the recommendation of the Executive Council with regard to the statement of the American Speech and Hearing Foundation. Passed.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Williams that the meeting of the Trustees be adjourned and the meeting of the Executive Council reconvene. Passed.

COUNCIL MEETING NOVEMBER 10, 1959 (Continued)

1. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that the Executive Council express its appreciation to Wendell Johnson for the efforts and vision he has put into the Foundation as its Chairman, and that the Council recognizes his great contribution to our profession. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Revision of the By-Laws (Continuation)

1. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council reconsider its motion with regard to Section IX of the By-Laws Committee Report. Passed. Council expressed the opinion that it was necessary to provide rules in the form of By-Laws for the establishment and conduct of the House of State Delegates.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that the recommendation pertaining to Article IX in the Report of the Committee on Revision of By-Laws be approved. Passed. (See above).

Report of the Advisory Group to the Executive Secretary for the Establishment of the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology: Jack Matthews.

1. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Hirsh that the Executive Council resolve itself into a committee as a whole in order that the issues raised by the Advisory Group could be discussed without official action. Passed.

2. Moved by Newby and seconded by Ainsworth that the Committee rise and the Council reconvened. Passed.

3. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Committee on Committees be directed to prepare a slate of candidates for nine positions as Trustees (or Directors as determined by legal counsel) of a corporation to be known as the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology. The slate shall consist of six persons from speech pathology, six from audiology and two from basic speech and hearing sciences. The total membership of ASHA by mail ballot shall vote for four trustees from speech pathology, four from audiology and one from basic speech and hearing sciences. The results of this vote shall constitute the basis of the Executive Council's appointments for the original Board of Trustees. Passed.

4. Moved by Newby and seconded by Hirsh that it is the sense of the Council that the Boards, when created, should give priority to the establishment first for the Board for Clinical Services and the Board for Education and Training. Passed.

5. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Ainsworth that it is the sense of the Council that it would entertain corporate and organizational plans of structure for the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology within the corporate structure of ASHA. Passed.

These resolutions were framed and acted on by the Council because they serve to give formal approval to the directives which the Advisory Group had provided the Executive Secretary. The Advisory Group had instructed the Executive Secretary to implement Council's earlier actions by the establishment of an organizational structure for the American Boards of Examiners in Speech Pathology and Audiology similar to that established for the American Speech and Hearing Foundation.

Report of the Committee on Terminology: Kenneth Scott Wood, Chairman.

In the absence of the Chairman, the President presented the Report.

1. Moved by Williams and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Committee on Terminology be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Committee on Terminology be accepted with appreciation for its efforts. Passed.

The Report included a request from the Chairman that his resignation be accepted and discussed the Terminology problem in the speech and hearing field.

Report of the Committee on the History of the Association: Robert West, Chairman.

In the absence of the Chairman the report was presented by the President.

Moved by Matthews and seconded by Wendell Johnson that the Report of the Committee on the History of the Association be accepted. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Liaison between Otology and Audiology: S. Richard Silverman, Chairman.

In the absence of the Chairman the Report was presented by the President.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Committee on Liaison between Otology and Audiology be received. Passed.

2. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Richardson that the American Speech and Hearing Association join the Committee on Conservation of Hearing of the American Academy of Ophthalmology and Otolaryngology in the promotion of an international standard for audiometric zero. Passed.

3. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost that the American Speech and Hearing Association should have official representation on the American Standards Association Committee S-3. Passed.

4. Upon motion duly made and seconded it was RESOLVED: that the American Speech and Hearing Association join with other associations and organizations in the promotion of an International Standard for Audiometric Zero. Passed.

Report of the Committee on Committees: Stanley Ainsworth, Chairman.

Committee assignments approved by the Council are appended to these minutes. Upon motion duly made and seconded, the meeting was recessed at 5:30 P.M. to reconvene at 7:30 A.M.

NOVEMBER 10, 1959—7:40 P.M.

The Executive Council was called to order by President Kopp.

***Report of the Committee on Committees* (Continuation):**

Additional committee assignments were approved by the Council. They are appended to these minutes.

***Joint Report of the Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech and Clinical Standards in Hearing* (Continuation):**

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pronovost that the Executive Council reconsider its action with regard to the Report of the Joint Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech and Hearing. Passed.

Wells presented a series of revisions to the report previously submitted to the Council. The revisions submitted concerned the standards for speech pathologists and audiologists.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that it is the sense of the Council that the revisions with regard to the requirements for Speech Pathologists and Audiologists are acceptable. Passed.

Revised Approved Requirements for the Certificate for a Speech Pathologist and the Certificate for an Audiologist.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CERTIFICATE FOR THE SPEECH PATHOLOGIST

Requirements for the Certificate.

(1) A master's or doctor's degree with a major in speech pathology or evidence of equivalent training from an accredited college or university.

(2) An integrated and balanced professional training program of at least 60 semester hours,[2] including:

a. from 30 to 36 semester hours of course work in the area of speech pathology and speech correction[3] and

b. from 24 to 30 semester hours of course work in allied areas (audiology, psychology, other sciences), in which a limited number of hours in appropriate courses in education may be included.

(3) At least 300 clock hours of supervised clinical practice,[4] chiefly in the area of speech, 100 hours of which must be completed as part of the training for the Certificate as Speech Pathologist.

(4) A letter of recommendation from the director of the professional training program stating that the requirements have been met and speaking favorably of the applicant. The director of the training program must be a Speech Pathologist.

(5) At least three years of full-time employed experience directly related to speech correction and speech pathology. One year of experience may be counted from the Basic Certificate in Speech, and one year may be met by summing assistantships and internships that are clinical and that have been held during training. One year of experience must follow the completion of all training and be confirmed by a letter from the employer indicating satisfactory performance.[6]

(6) A written and an oral examination, passed successfully after the completion of training and employed experience. The areas covered in the examination include: the neurophysiological mechanism, phonetics, speech and language development, articulation problems, voice disorders, stuttering, communicative disorders secondary to dysfunctions of the Central Nervous System, clinical practice and the psychological aspects of speech and language disorders.[7]

These requirements will be used in processing applications received after September 1, 1961.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE CERTIFICATE FOR THE AUDIOLOGIST

Requirements for the Certificate.

(1) A master's or doctor's degree with a major in audiology or evidence of equivalent training from an accredited college or university.

(2) An integrated and balanced professional training program of at least 60 semester hours,[2] including:

a. From 30 to 36 semester hours of course work in the area of audiology[3] and

b. from 24 to 30 semester hours of course work in allied areas (speech pathology, psychology, other sciences), in which a limited number of hours in appropriate courses in education may be included.

(3) At least 300 clock hours of supervised clinical practice,[4] chiefly in the area of hearing, 100 hours of which must be completed as part of the training for the Certificate as Audiologist.

(4) A letter of recommendation from the director of the professional training program stating that the requirements have been met and speaking favorably of the applicant. The director of the training program must be an Audiologist.

(5) At least three years of full-time employed experience directly related to audiology. One year of experience may be counted from the Basic Certificate in Hearing, and one year of experience may be met by summing assistantships and internships that are clinical and that have been held during training. One year of experience must follow the completion of all training and be confirmed by a letter from the employer indicating satisfactory performance.[6]

(6) A written and an oral examination, passed successfully after the completion of training and employed experience. The areas covered in the examination include: audiometry, hearing conservation, audiologic instrumentation, lipreading, auditory training, hearing aids, clinical practice, education of the hard of hearing and deaf, and diagnostic and referral problems.

These requirements will be used in processing applications received after September 1, 1961.

Wells then presented several revisions to the requirements previously presented to the Council for the standards for the Basic Certificate in Speech and the standards for the Basic Certificate in Hearing.

3. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Richardson that the revisions as presented by Dr. Wells for the Certificate for speech clinician with the exception of the description be adopted. Passed.

REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATION FOR THE SPEECH CLINICIAN

Requirements for the Certificate.

(1) A bachelor's or master's degree from an accredited college or university.

(2) An integrated and balanced professional training program of at least 36 semester hours,[2] including:

a. from 18 to 24 semester hours of course work in the area of speech correction and speech pathology[3] including course work in such areas as: the causes of impaired speech, remedial procedures, phonetics and other speech sciences and

b. from 12 to 18 semester hours of course work in allied areas including at least one course in audiology, a minimum of 6 semester hours in psychology and no more than 6 semester hours in appropriate courses in education.

(3) Not less than 200 clock hours of supervised clinical practice,[4] the major part of which is in the area of speech.

(4) A letter of recommendation from the director of the professional training program, a Speech Pathologist,[5] stating that the requirements have been met and speaking favorably of the applicant.

(5) One year of full-time employment in speech correction after completion of the professional training, confirmed by a favorable letter from the employment supervisor,[6] and a favorable statement from the Speech Pathologist who has sponsored the professional experience.

(6) In exceptional cases, an examination that may be required by the Committee on Certification.

The Basic Certificate in Speech may be granted to the holder of a Basic Certificate in Hearing who presents 15 semester hours in speech correction and speech pathology and meets Requirements (3), (4), and the equivalent of (5) above.

These requirements will be used in processing applications received after September 1, 1960.

Dr. Wells then presented a series of revisions to the previously submitted requirements for the Basic Certificate in Hearing. These requirements were changed to read: Requirements for Certification for the Hearing Clinician.

4. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Pronovost to adopt the requirements for certification for the hearing clinician as revised with the exception of the description. Passed.

REQUIREMENTS FOR CERTIFICATION FOR THE HEARING CLINICIAN

Requirements for the Certificate.

(1) A bachelor's or master's degree from an accredited college or university.

(2) An integrated and balanced program of professional training of at least 36 semester hours,[2] including:

a. from 18 to 24 semester hours of course work in the area of audiology,[3] including course work in such areas as: hearing testing, the causes of impaired hearing, remedial procedures, phonetics and other hearing sciences and

b. from 12 to 18 semester hours of course work in allied areas including at least one course in speech correction or speech pathology, a minimum of 6 semester hours in psychology and no more than 6 semester hours in appropriate courses in education.

(3) Not less than 200 clock hours of supervised clinical practice,[4] the major part of which is in the area of hearing.

(4) A letter of recommendation from the director of the professional training program, an Audiologist,[5] stating that the requirements have been met and speaking favorably of the applicant.

(5) One year of full-time employment in audiology after completion of the professional training, confirmed by a favorable letter from the employment supervisor,[6] and a favorable statement from the Audiologist who has sponsored the professional experience.

(6) In exceptional cases, an examination that may be required by the Committee on Certification.

The Basic Certificate in Hearing may be granted to the holder of a Basic Certificate in Speech who presents 15 semester hours in audiology and meets Requirements (3), (4) and the equivalent of (5) above.

These requirements will be used in processing applications received after September 1, 1960.

5. Moved by Richardson and seconded by W. Johnson to delete the description from the Requirements for the Certificate for the Speech Pathologist and for the Certificate for the Audiologist. Passed.

(The Requirements, presented above, have had the "Descriptions," deleted.)

By common consent the Executive Council authorized the Standards Committees to inform sponsors of these new requirements for Certificates for Speech Clinician, Hearing Clinician, Speech Pathologist, and Audiologist.

Report of the Examining Committee for Certification in Hearing: Leo G. Doerfler, Chairman.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by W. Johnson that the Report of the Examining Committee for Certification in Hearing be received. Passed.

2. Moved by Ainsworth and duly seconded to adjourn. Passed. The meeting recessed at 10:25 P.M. to reconvene at 9:00 P.M. Wednesday evening.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1959—9:10 P.M.

The meeting was called to order by President Kopp.

Report of the Committee on Ethical Practice **(Continuation).** Lillywhite presented several proposed changes to the Code of Ethics.

1. Moved by W. Johnson and seconded by Hirsh that the revisions of the Code of Ethics as proposed by the Committee on Ethical Practice be approved. Passed.

The revised Code of Ethics as approved by the Executive Council is appended to these minutes.

Report of the Committee on Honors: Upon motion duly made, seconded and carried the following individuals were approved for Fellowship: Hilda F. Amidon, James P. Egan, Jeannette Katherine Laguaite, Earl D. Schubert, R. Edwin Shutts, Bruce M. Siegenthaler, G. C. Tolhurst, Jozef Zwislocki. The meeting recessed at 12:20 A.M. to reconvene on Friday, November 13, at 2:15 P.M.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1959—2:15 P.M.

The meeting was called to order. All members of the Executive Council being present with the exception of Wendell Johnson and Herold Lillywhite. President Kopp presided.

Report of the Liaison Subcommittee on the International Association of Laryngectomees and the American Cancer Society: William Waldrop, Chairman. The Report included correspondence and results of meetings with representatives of the International Association of Laryngectomees. It was reported that the IAL had published a statement which indicated agreement had been reached between the ASHA and the IAL concerning standards which agreement had not been reached.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the *Ad Hoc* Committee on the International Association of Laryngectomees be received. Passed.

The following recommendations were presented.

A. That recommended qualifications for teachers of laryngectomees which were approved by the Executive Council during the convention in New York, November 14 to 19, 1958, and reported in the *Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders*, Volume 24, No. 2, May 1959, pages 206 to 207, stand approved.

B. That the Joint Committee, composed of the ASHA Committee and the IAL Committee continue to function.

C. That members of our ASHA Committee should help IAL in any way that they request.

2. Moved by Jerger and seconded by Williams that the action on the recommendations of the Subcommittee on Liaison with the International Association of Laryngectomees be deferred pending recommendations of the Committee on Clinical Standards in Speech to which Committee these recommendations are hereby referred. Passed.

REAPPOINTMENT OF EXECUTIVE SECRETARY

Moved by Irwin and seconded by Williams that the Executive Secretary, Kenneth O. Johnson, be reappointed for another term. Passed. The Executive Secretary accepted the reappointment.

***Report of the Committee on Clinical Certification* (Continuation):** The Committee on Clinical Certification requested an opportunity to discuss further the action taken by the Executive Council on the Joint Report of the Committees on Clinical Standards in Speech and Clinical Standards in Hearing.

Irwin presented a statement for her Committee indicating that the new standards which were approved by the Council provided the Committee on Clinical Certification with no specific course framework for planning, executing, and evaluating an integrated balanced professional training program. The Committee on Clinical Certification urged that the new standards not be presented to sponsors or the membership until an opportunity had been given to have them reconsidered by the Standards Committees on Speech and Hearing in conjunction with the Committee on Clinical Certification and resubmitted to the Special Committee of Committee Chairmen for presentation to the Executive Council.

1. Moved by Ainsworth and seconded by Richardson to reconsider the action taken by the Council with regard to the new certification standards. Passed.

2. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Ainsworth that the section of the Joint Report of the Clinical Standards Committees pertaining to changes in certification requirements be referred back to the Standards Committees for further study and resubmission to the Special Committee of Committee Chairmen for presentation to the Council for its further action. Passed.

***Report from the Committee on Committees* (Continuation):** A series of committees and committee assignments were approved by the Executive Council and these are appended to these minutes.

***Report of the Committee on Honors* (Continuation):** On motion duly made, seconded, and carried the Executive Council approved the awarding of Honors of the Association to Martin F. Palmer.

RESOLVED that the Honors of the Association be awarded to Martin F. Palmer in recognition of his distinguished leadership in the profession to which he has long been dedicated. Through the formative and maturing years of the Association, he has been a continuing source of strength as a scholar whose research and writing have in abundant measure brought increased understanding of disorders of speech; as a President of the Association who administered its purposes with wisdom; as a teacher in whom uncounted numbers of students have found wisdom and inspiration; as an individual devoted to the formulation of sound professional standards; and as a practitioner who has proved himself a skilled and compassionate clinician. His insistence upon better understanding and acceptance of high professional and ethical standards has been a noteworthy contribution to the entire profession as a whole as well as to the Association.

Upon recommendation of the Committee on Honors the Executive Council approved the following resolutions.

RESOLVED that the American Speech and Hearing Association reaffirm its heartfelt appreciation and high esteem for George A. Kopp, who has continued to share his wisdom, judgment, good will and constructive imagination, and has thus contributed abundantly to the growth and development of the profession throughout his term of office as President of the Association.

RESOLVED for his preparation of a handbook on "Stuttering for Professional Workers" to which he brought scholarship and deep clinical insights, the Association expresses its appreciation to Oliver Bloodstein.

RESOLVED that the Association convey to Herold Lillywhite its gratitude for his thoughtful and judicious leadership of the Committee on Ethical Practice, a service which has done much to assure that the professional integrity of the Association and its members shall be of the highest order.

RESOLVED that the Association acknowledge its obligation to retiring Council member Sylvia Richardson. She has enriched the deliberations of the Council by her breadth of knowledge and understanding, her perceptive insight into professional problems and her devotion to the development of this discipline.

RESOLVED that the Association express its sincere appreciation to Jon Eisenson for his many scholarly, judicious and practical contributions to Executive Council deliberations and committee activities during this past year.

RESOLVED that the American Speech and Hearing Association express its appreciation to Mr. S. Waldo Coleman for his personal interest in and encouragement of the publication activities of the Association.

RESOLVED because of the vital role played by the publications of the Association in fulfilling its objective, the Council wishes to thank the Interstate Printers and Publishers, Inc., for the continuing excellence of its service in the preparation of these publications.

RESOLVED that the American Speech and Hearing Association express its appreciation for the constructive cooperation of Dean W. Roberts, M.D., Director, and Miss Jayne Shover, Associate Director, and their associates in the National Society for Crippled Children and Adults, as represented in the publication of the *Handbook on Stuttering for Professional Workers* and in the National Society's continuing support of research, professional training, clinical services, and public education in the field of speech pathology and audiology.

RESOLVED that the American Speech and Hearing Association express its sincere appreciation to the Hearing and Speech Center of Western Reserve University for outstanding contributions to a successful convention. Through the cooperation of its Board of Trustees and Mr. Samuel Whitman, Executive Director, its staff members have devoted time, energy, and talent unstintingly toward completion of their duties.

RESOLVED that the Association voice its deep gratitude for the effective and efficient work and the substantial contribution to the 1959 convention program of Paul Ptacek and the members of his committee on local arrangements.

RESOLVED that the Association record its great debt to Miriam Pauls, retiring Vice President and Chairman of the Program Committee. Her scholarly grasp of significant areas of knowledge in speech and hearing, her critical judgment and her administrative skills have combined to yield a professional program which provided for the members, new information, professional stimulation and opportunities for friendly association.

Report of the Committee on Nominations: The Executive Council upon motions duly made, seconded and carried approved the following slate of nominees.

President-Elect
Gordon Peterson
Paul Moore

Vice-President-Elect
T. D. Hanley
Duane Spriestersbach

Councilor-in-Speech
Oliver Bloodstein
Isaac Brackett

Councilor-in-Hearing
John Gaeth
William Hardy

Report of the Committee on Budget: Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

1. Moved by Matthews and seconded by Pronovost that the Report of the Committee on Budget be received. Passed.

The Budget Report contained a listing of the 1959 Federal Grants received, information concerning various auditor's

recommendations, actions taken on Council decisions made in 1958, and matters concerned with funding the 1960 *Directory*.

Cash receipts for 1959 were estimated at $160,000 and the cash disbursements during the same period were estimated at $155,000.

The budget presented for the calendar year January 1, 1960 through December 31, 1960 provided estimated income of $174,666. This sum includes $28,256 from an Office of Vocational Rehabilitation Training Grant. Of the $28,256, all but approximately $6,000 have already been received.

Estimated expenses for the 1960 calendar year were $180,976. Therefore, the excess of expenses over income in $6,310. The Council discussed at length whether funds received from Federal sources as special grants should be listed as operating income and operating expenses. In addition, Council discussed the proposal that ASHA should cost account its various activities. This latter proposal was opposed by the Committee on Budget.

2. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that income and expenditure items on funds from other than Association sources should be separated out from the operating income and expenditure. Passed.

Council discussed the cost of the 1960 *Directory* which will be somewhat in excess of the anticipated 1960 deficit. Council discussed possible means of financing the *Directory* which included selling the *Directory* at cost to members, sending the *Directory* to all members and assessing members one-half of the cost of the *Directory* and absorbing the other half of the cost from the Treasury, and sending the *Directory* to every member but absorbing the complete cost from the Treasury. The Committee on Budget indicated that the proposed budget for 1960 included a sum sufficient to permit the *Directory* to be sent to all members. The deficit would be financed from the Treasury.

3. Moved by Newby and seconded by Richardson that the Report of the Committee on Budget be accepted. Passed.

4. Moved by Pronovost and seconded by Richardson that the salaries and earnings of all full-time and part-time employees of the Association be paid by check assigned to the employee from the National Office. Passed.

5. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Pauls that the *Directory* be distributed to all members in 1960 without assessment or increase in dues. Passed.

NEW BUSINESS.

1. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that the Editor of *Asha* circulate the Council minutes to members of the Council and that he receive corrections and approval from each member before publishing the minutes in *Asha*. Passed.

It was requested that preceding each resolution presented in the published minutes that there be a statement concerning the intentions and feelings of the Council relative to the resolution.

It was agreed that the Executive Council might make two types of comments concerning the minutes: 1) editorial in nature, and 2) point of disagreement in meaning. It was agreed that where there was disagreement in meaning that a decision should be obtained from the Executive Committee on wording.

Council discussed the feasibility of maintaining membership records on an IBM type system of some kind. The matter was referred to the Executive Committee for consideration.

The Council discussed the location of publication of the official minutes of the Association. The question arose as to whether they should be published in *Asha* or in the *JSHD*. The matter was automatically referred to the Editor of the Association for decision.

2. Moved by Hirsh and seconded by Richardson that By-Law changes that are approved by the Council be reproduced so that they may be available to the membership at the time of the Business Meeting following such Council approval, if possible. Passed.

Upon motion duly made, seconded, and carried the meeting was adjourned at 6:30 P.M.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1959—BUSINESS MEETING

The Business Meeting of the American Speech and Hearing Association convened in the Grand Ballroom of the Statler Hilton Hotel, Cleveland, Ohio, at 9:15 P.M., President Kopp presiding.

Following reports of the Executive Council, President Kopp called for nominations from the floor for President-Elect. The name of Dr. Ernest H. Henrikson was placed in nomination for President-Elect. Dr. Henrikson withdrew.

The name of Dr. Grant Fairbanks was placed in nomination for President-Elect. Dr. Fairbanks withdrew.

1. Moved by Steer and duly seconded that the nominations for President-Elect be closed. Passed.

The President called for nominations from the floor for Vice-President.

2. Moved by Steer and duly seconded that the nominations be closed. Passed.

The President called for nominations from the floor for the Office of Councilor-in-Speech.

3. Upon motion duly made and seconded, Dr. Henry Moser's name was placed in nomination pending his acceptance. Passed.

4. Upon motion duly made, seconded, and carried nominations from the floor for the position of Councilor-in-Speech were closed.

The President called for nominations from the floor for the Office of Councilor-in-Hearing.

5. It was moved, seconded, and carried that the nominations be closed.

6. Moved by Goldstein and seconded by Steer that the actions of the Council be approved as reported to the membership. Passed.

The President then called for New Business. There being none, upon motion duly made, seconded, and carried, the Business Meeting adjourned at 8:45 P.M.

PEAT MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO.

Accountants and Auditors

The American Security Building

Washington 5, D. C.

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Executive Council
American Speech and
Hearing Association:

We have examined the balance sheet of American Speech and Hearing Association as of December 31, 1958 and the related statements of loss and accumulated earnings for the year then ended. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, subject to the explanation in note (1) to the financial statements, the accompanying balance sheet and statements of income and expense, and accumulated earnings present fairly the financial position of American Speech and Hearing Association at December 31, 1958 and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

(Signed) Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

Washington, D.C.
March 23, 1958

AMERICAN SPEECH AND HEARING ASSOCIATION

Balance Sheet

December 31, 1958

Assets

Current assets:	1958
Cash	$30,171.61
U. S. Government securities (redemption value, 1958 $14,490.00)	15,000.00
Accounts receivable	1,505.70
Less allowance for doubtful receivables	351.00
Net receivables	1,154.70
Prepaid expense	420.00
Total current assets	46,746.31
Equipment, at cost:	
Office equipment	7,358.72
Leasehold improvement	138.26
	7,496.98
Less allowance for depreciation	1,248.30
Net equipment	6,248.68
	$52,994.99

Liabilities

Current liabilities:	
Accounts payable	5.54
Advance payment of dues and subscriptions	——
Accrued tax	2,447.07
Total current liabilities	2,452.61
Accumulated earnings	50,542.38
	$52,994.99

Notes to Financial Statements

1. In accordance with the established policy of the Association, no valuation has been ascribed at December 31, 1958 to the inventory of previous issues of the Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders or other publications held for possible resale.

2. Commencing with the calendar year 1958, the Association discontinued the segregation of General Association and Journal of Speech and Hearing Disorders and other publications income and expense. During the calendar year 1958 the Association spent in excess of the required 33-1/3% of income from dues for publications.

AMERICAN SPEECH AND HEARING ASSOCIATION

Statement of Loss

Year ended December 31, 1958

Income:	
Association dues	$ 27,257.59
Convention income	15,603.85
Member subscriptions	19,822.66
Certification fees	4,672.00
Library subscriptions	9,022.60
Non-member subscriptions	3,662.74
Single copy sales	2,761.63
Bound volume sales	98.00
Other publications sales	155.55
Interest income	1,101.80
Convention proceedings sales	1,152.75
Employment bulletin	1,473.00
Grants received from U. S. Department of Health, Education and Welfare	20,975.00
Miscellaneous	137.46
Total income	$107,896.63

Expenses:	
Presidents expense	990.97
Program Committee	663.65
Committee on clinical certification	6,177.79
Convention expense	9,006.12
Placement service expense	1,206.21
Salaries	30,235.47
Postage	2,156.37
Stationery and supplies	3,872.62
Telephone and telegraph	1,031.18
Professional service	795.00
Printing expense	31,644.80
Editorial	573.61
Editorial assistance	——
Moving expense	408.21
Depreciation	828.40
Travel	2,244.48
Rent	4,780.00
Insurance	788.87
IBM and addressograph charges	3,295.37
Miscellaneous	7,660.60
	108,359.72
Net (loss) income	$ (463.09)

Statement of Accumulated Earnings

Year ended December 31, 1958

	1958
Balance at beginning of year	$51,005.47
Net loss for year	(463.09)
Balance at end of year	$50,542.38

ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

The Executive Council
American Speech and
Hearing Association

We have examined the balance sheet of American Speech and Hearing Foundation as of December 31, 1958. Our examination was made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, and accordingly included such tests of the accounting records relating to the assets and liabilities as of that date and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheet presents fairly the financial position of American Speech and Hearing Foundation at December 31, 1958, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a basis consistent with that of the preceding year.

Signed) Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co.

Washington, D.C.
March 23, 1958

AMERICAN SPEECH AND HEARING FOUNDATION

Balance Sheet

December 31, 1958

Assets

Current assets:	1958
Cash	$3,991.56
Accounts receivable	5.54
	$3,997.10

Liabilities

Current liabilities:	
Scholarship payable	$ 500.00
Fund Balances:	
Unexpended United Cerebral Palsy Association grants	2,500.00
Unexpended general fund grants	997.10
Total fund balances	3,497.10
	$3,997.10

Unexpended United Cerebral Palsy Association Balance

Balance at beginning of year	$3,500.00
Add:	
Grant received during year	3,000.00
	$6,500.00
Less:	
Scholarships paid - 8 in 1958 and 4 in 1957 at $500.00 each	4,000.00
Balance at end of year	$2,500.00

Unexpended General Fund Balance

Balance at beginning of year	$1,160.00
Add:	
Donations received	837.10
	$1,997.10
Less:	
Scholarships paid	1,000.00
Balance at end of year	$ 997.10

COMMITTEES OF THE ASSOCIATION

STANDING COMMITTEES

American Speech and Hearing Foundation, Board of Directors of: Kenneth O. Johnson (1960-61), Miriam D. Pauls (1960), Mack D. Steer (1960-63), Dean E. Williams (1960-62), and Wendell Johnson, Chairman, (1960-63).

Budget (President; Editor of the Association; Executive Vice-President; Executive Secretary, Chairman): Stanley Ainsworth, Wendell Johnson, Jack Matthews, and Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

Clinical Certification (At least eight appointive members, all holding Advanced Clinical Certification, four in speech, four in hearing, elected Chairman): Evelyn Y. Allen, Helen G. Burr, Leola S. Horowitz, Donald M. Markle, Robert L. McCroskey, Sheila Graham Morrison, Parley W. Newman, Elmer Owens, Mary C. Quirk, R. Edwin Shutts, Alice H. Streng, Raymond Summers, Glenn J. Taylor, Katherine F. Thorn, Empress Y. Zedler, and Ruth Beckey Irwin, Chairman.

Clinical Standards in Hearing (Four members who hold Advanced Clinical Certificate in Hearing; Appointive Chairman): Audrey Epstein, Robert Goldstein, James F. Jerger, John W. Keys, and William G. Hardy, Chairman (1960-62).

Clinical Standards in Speech (Four members who hold Advanced Clinical Certificates in Speech; Appointive Chairman): Walter W. Amster, Oliver Bloodstein, Donald A. Harrington, George H. Shames, and Charlotte G. Wells, Chairman (1959-61).

Committees (Officers; Executive Secretary; President-Elect; and Chairman): Stanley Ainsworth, Jack L. Bangs, Kenneth O. Johnson, Wendell Johnson, Jack Matthews, and Paul Moore, Chairman.

Convention Program: Jack L. Bangs, Chairman.

Speech Section

John W. Black, Frederick L. Darley, Victor P. Garwood, Newman Gutman, Arthur S. House, Dorothy A. Huntington, Hildred Schuell, Joseph G. Sheehan, and Henry E. Spueler.

Hearing Section

Leo G. Doerfler, Aram Glorig, Howard P. House, Lennart L. Kopra, Charles D. Parker, James L. Shapley, and Alice M. Streng.

Association Interest and Problems Section

Genevieve Arnold, Dale S. Bingham, Janet Jeffers, Paul D. Knight, Freeman E. McConnell, Mack D. Steer, and Charlotte G. Wells.

Local Arrangements Section

Verna Breinholt, Leo Buscaglia, Robert Douglas, Norman Freestone, Robert Gillen, Robert Haney, Lester Harris, Janet Jeffers, Eddie Johnson, Donald Kinstler, Halldora Sigurdson, Maurice Skiar, Jack J. Thompson, and William Perkins, Chairman.

Abstracts Section

William Tiffany, Chairman.

Ethical Practice (Four members, one each from speech, hearing, and basic speech and basic hearing sciences; Selected Chairman): E. Thayer Curry (1959-60), Arthur S. House (1959-60), Freeman E. McConnell (1960-61), John P. Moncur (1960-61), and Hayes A. Newby, Chairman (1960-61).

Honors (Five members who are Fellows; President-Elect, Chairman): Virgil A. Anderson, Ollie L. Backus, Jon Eisenson, Ernest H. Henrikson, Ira J. Hirsh, and Paul Moore, Chairman.

Liaison (President; Vice-President; Executive Secretary; Editor of the Association; Chairman of the Committee on Clinical Certification; Chairman of the Committee on Ethical Practice; Executive Vice-President, Chairman. No appointive members): Stanley Ainsworth, Jack L. Bangs, Ruth Beckey Irwin, Kenneth O. Johnson, Wendell Johnson, Hayes A. Newby, and Jack Matthews, Chairman.

Membership (One member from speech disorders, hearing disorders, basic speech and hearing sciences; Chairman of the Committee on Ethical Practice; Executive Secretary, Chairman): Stanley Dickson, Harriet L. Haskins, Hayes A. Newby, John J. O'Neill, and Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

Nominations (Four appointive members; most recent ex-President, Chairman): James A. Carrell, James F. Curtis, Margaret Hall Powers, S. Richard Silverman, and George A. Kopp, Chairman.

Publications Board (Three appointive members, one each from the field of speech disorders, hearing disorders, and basic speech and hearing sciences; Editor of the *JSHD*; editor of any other publications; the Business Manager; Editor of the Association, Chairman): Virgil A. Anderson (1959-61), Raymond Carhart (1960-62), Mary Huber (1959-62), Kenneth O. Johnson, Gordon E. Peterson (1958-60), Dorothy H. Sherman (1959-62), and Wendell Johnson, Chairman (1959-62).

Terminology: Aram Glorig (1957-60), Elaine Pagel Paden (1958-61), Stephen P. Quigley (1960-63), Alfred J. Sokolnicki (1959-62), and Asa J. Berlin (1959-62).

Time and Place (Three appointive members; Executive Secretary, Chairman): Helen S. Knight, Robert L. McCroskey, Crayton Walker, and Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

SPECIAL COMMITTEES

Advisory to the Business Manager on Circulation of Publications: Jack L. Bangs, Ralph R. Leutenegger, James I. Lore, William H. Perkins, Ernest Burgi, Chairman.

Association Planning: Jon Eisenson, Grant Fairbanks, Margaret Hall Powers, S. Richard Silverman, Clarence T. Simon, and Gordon Peterson, Chairman.

Association Research Projects: Leo G. Doerfler, Jon Eisenson, William G. Hardy, Wendell Johnson, Jack Matthews, Earl D. Schubert, Mack D. Steer, Chairman, Kenneth O. Johnson, Ex Officio.

Certification Subcommittee on Examining for Certification in Hearing: Tina E. Bangs (1960-63), Raymond Carhart (1958-60), Louis M. DiCarlo (1960-63), Richard F. Dixon (1960-62), Aubrey Epstein (1960-62), John H. Gaeth (1960-61), Robert Goldstein (1960-63), Clair N. Hanley (1960-62), William G. Hardy (1958-60), Claude S. Hayes (1959-61), James F. Jerger (1960-63), Freeman E. McConnell (1960-61), John J. O'Neill (1960-62), Bruce M. Sigenthaler (1960-61), Francis L. Sonday (1959-61), and Leo G. Doerfler, Chairman (1959-61).

Certification Subcommittee on Special Examination in Speech: Earl W. Blank, Isaaac P. Brackett, Myrray M. Halfond, Thayne A. Hedges, Harold L. Luper, Kenneth Scott Wood, Nancy E. Wood, and Melvin Hyman, Chairman.

Committee of Committee Chairmen of Ethical Practice, Standards in Speech, Standards in Hearing, and Clinical Certification: William G. Hardy, Hayes A. Newby, Charlotte G. Wells, and Ruth Beckey Irwin, Chairman.

Executive: Kenneth O. Johnson, Jack Matthews, Paul Moore, Dean Williams, and Stanley Ainsworth, Chairman.

Group Insurance: Kenneth O. Johnson, T. Earle Johnson, Eugene T. McDonald, and Martin F. Palmer, Chairman.

Legislation: Stanley L. Berlinsky, Kenneth O. Johnson, Bruce M. Siegenthaler, and Jack Matthews, Chairman.

Liaison Between Otology and Audiology: Bernard M. Anderman, Moe Bergman, LeRoy D. Hedgecock, James L. Shapley, and S. Richard Silverman, Chairman.

Liaison Subcommittee on International Association of Laryngectomees and the American Cancer Society: Lyman S. Barrett, Warren H. Gardner, Ernest H. Henrikson, Anthony Holbrook, Jeanette K. Laguaite, Paul Moore, and William F. Waldrop, Chairman.

Liaison Subcommittee on State Agencies and Certifications *Alas.*, Henrietta C. Krantz; *Ariz.*, Robert N. Plummer; *Calif.*, Victor P. Garwood; *Colo.*, Ruth M. Clark; *Conn.*, Geraldine Garrison; *Del.*, Ray E. Keesey; *D. C.*, Calvin W. Pettit; *Fla.*, Kenneth Wilson; *Ga.*, Mamie J. Jones; *Hawaii*, Merle Ansberry; *Ida.*, Charlotte E. Cleeland; *Ill.*, Martha E. Black; *Ind.*, Margaret Louise Rowe; *Iowa*, Dale S. Bingham; *Kans.*, Margaret C. Byrne; *Ky.*, Charles F. Diehl; *La.*, C. Cordelia Brong; *Md.*, R. Edwin Shutts; *Mass.*, William A. Philbrick, Jr.; *Mich.*, Keith L. Maxwell; *Minn.*, Ernest H. Henrikson; *Miss.*, Robert W. Peters; *Mo.*, Norma Lee Lucas; *Nebr.*, John H. Wiley; *N. J.*, George W. Gens; *N. Mex.*, Fred M. Chreist; *N. Y.*, Henry C. Youngerman; *N. Dak.*, Janet N. Smaltz; *Ohio*, Melvin Hyman; *Okla.*, Thayne A. Hedges; *Ore.*, Robert L. Mulder; *Pa.*, Asa J. Berlin; *S. C.*, Norman J. Lambries; *S. Dak.*, Elmerine S. Flint; *Tenn.*, Forrest M. Hull; *Texas*, Genevieve Arnold; *Utah*, Boyd V. Sheets, *Vt.*, Harriet May Dunn; *Va.*, James M. Mullendore; *Wash.*, Adah L. Miner; *W. Va.*, Ruth G. Garrett; *Wisc.*, Gretchen M. Phair.

Liaison with American Hearing Society: William H. Canfield, Jon Eisenson, Kenneth O. Johnson, Howard B. Ruhm, and Moe Bergman, Chairman.

Membership Subcommittee on Preparation of Exhibits: James V. Frick, Ira M. Ventry, Arthur I. Weiss, and Richard M. Flower, Chairman.

Membership Subcommittee on Undergraduate Membership: Dorothy D. Craven, Stanley L. Dickson, John V. Irwin, Kathleen E. Kalbfleisch and Margaret C. Byrne, Chairman.

National Index on Deafness, Speech and Hearing, Board of Directors of: Stanley Ainsworth, Wendell Johnson, and Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

Revision of By-Laws: Margaret C. Byrne, Paul H. Ptacek, and Elaine Pagel Paden, Chairman.

Standards Subcommittee on Public School Speech Correction: Martha E. Black, Mildred A. Gross, Gretchen M. Phair, John W. Selmar, Rolland J. Van Hattum, and Wilbert L. Pronovist, Chairman.

Training Institutes: Betty Jane McWilliams, Phillip A. Yantis, and Duane C. Spriestersbach, Chairman.

AD HOC COMMITTEES

Education and Training Registry: Aubrey Epstein, Betty Jane McWilliams, Barbara B. Blackstone, Chairman.

History of the Association: H. Harlan Bloomer, Bryng Bryngelson, Grant Fairbanks, Delyte W. Morris, Martin F. Palmer, Samuel D. Robbins, and Robert W. West, Chairman.

Job Titles: Bernard M. Anderman, Richard Hendricks, Calvin W. Pettit, R. Edwin Shutts, Crayton Walker, and Kenneth O. Johnson, Chairman.

Membership Subcommittee on Recruitment: Frank P. Bakes, Leo G. Doerfler, Henry Goehl, Jack Matthews, and Earl D. Schubert, Chairman.

Screening Audiometry: Leo G. Doerfler, Eldon L. Eagles, Aram Glorig, J. Donald Harris, Clifton Lawrence, Hayes A. Newby, Courtney Osborn, and William G. Hardy, Chairman.

White House Conference: John O. Anderson, Richard Hendricks, James E. McLean, Calvin W. Pettit, Sylvia O. Richardson, Richard L. Schiefelbusch, and Darrell J. Mase, Chairman.

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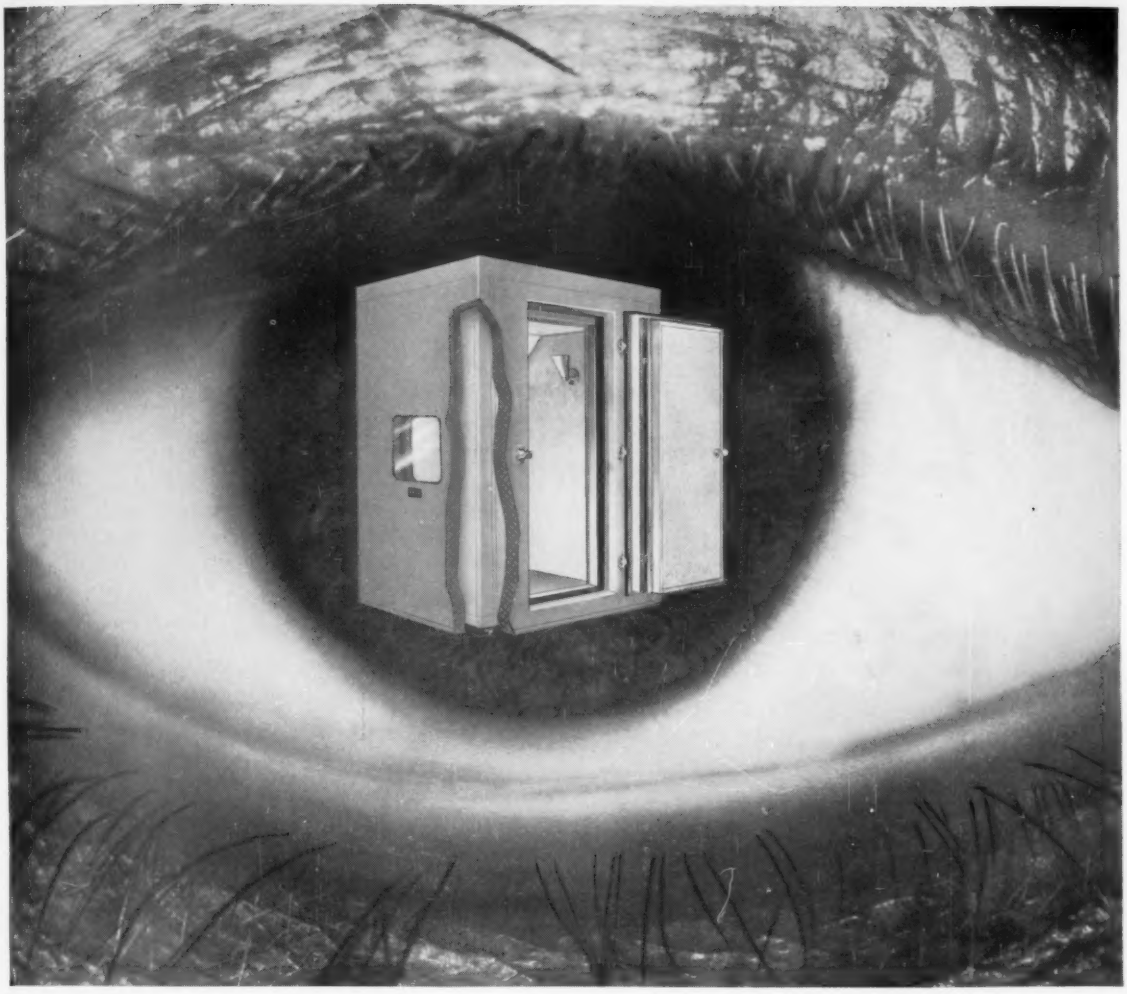

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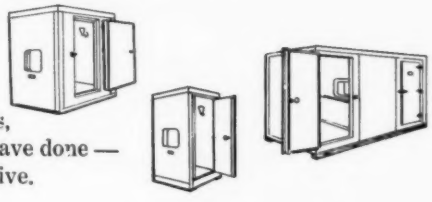

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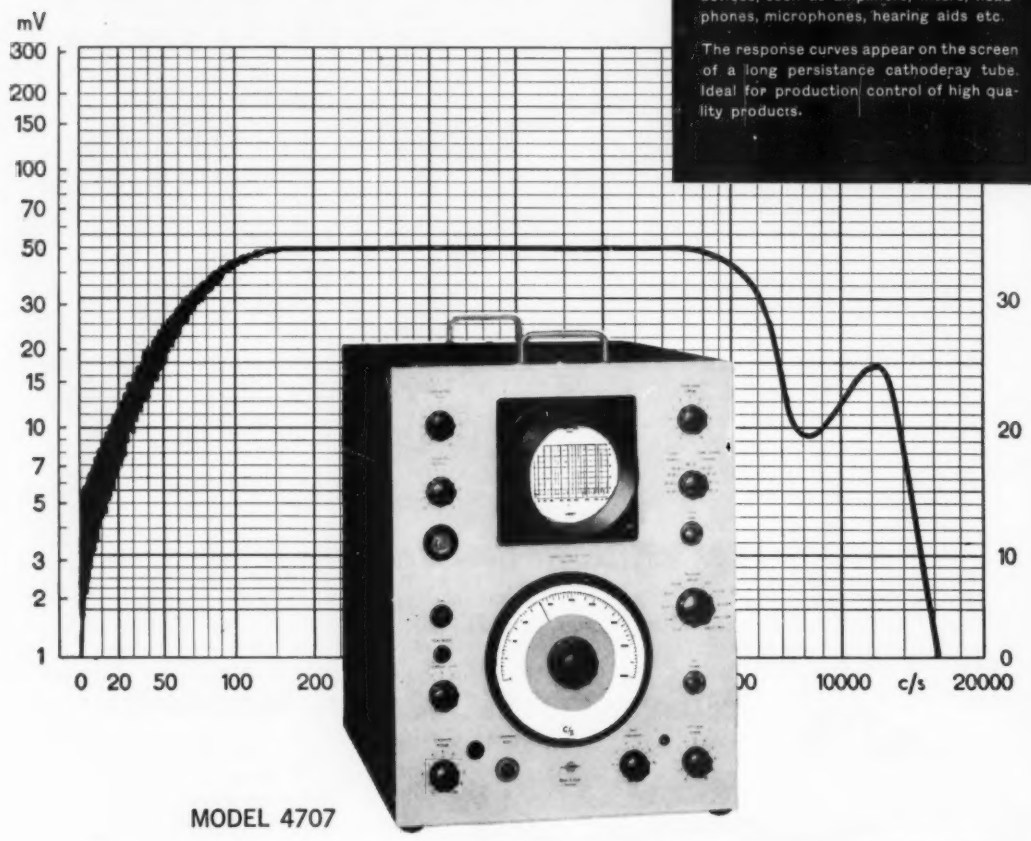

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